Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, JULY 26, 1869. NUMBER 168.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE CAPITAL.

Assignment of Army Officers—Stamp Cancellation Contrivances—Currency Statement—Coolie Importation—Condition of National Banks.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 24, 1869.

ARMY GAZETTE.

By order of the War Department the following named officers of the Infantry service, left out in the consolidation and not heretofore assigned to duty, are attached to the following regiments, and will report in person to their Colonels for assignment to duty with such companies as they may order: F. Aulke, late Thirty-sixth Infantry, is attached to the First Infantry; Henry Romeyn, late Thirty-seventh Infantry, attached to the Third Infantry; Wm. R. Bovine, late Forty-second Infantry, attached to the Sixth Infantry; G. T. Cooke, late Sixth Infantry, assigned to the Sixth Infantry; John Carland, late Sixth Infantry, assigned to the Sixth Infantry; James A. Haughey, late Thirty-sixth Infantry, assigned to the Seventh Infantry; L. M. Hughes, late Thirty-sixth Infantry, assigned to the Seventh Infantry; T. B. Robinson, late Eighth Infantry, assigned to 8th Infantry; Paul Harwood, late 27th Infantry, assigned to 9th Infantry; Wm. Stephenson, do.; Geo. F. Foote, late of 19th Infantry, to 9th Infantry; J. L. Shepherd, late 32d Infantry, to 12th Infantry; Sheldon Guthrie, do.; Samuel Craig, late 25th Infantry, to 18th Infantry; Stephen O'Connor, late 8th Infantry, to 22d Infantry.

Brevet Lieut. Col. A. Mordeau, Ordnance Department, is relieved from duty at West Point and assigned to Rock Island Arsenal, Illinois.

Capt. A. E. Bates, 2d Cavalry, and First Lieut. A. M. Mitchell, 4th Artillery, are ordered to duty at West Point.

COMMISSION APPOINTED.

Commissioner Delano has appointed a Commission of five gentlemen from his Bureau to examine and report upon all instruments or contrivances for canceling revenue stamps. The instruments must be presented on or before the 1st of September.

CURRENCY STATEMENT.

The fractional currency printed during the week amounted to $126,000; amount shipped $198,270. National Bank currency issued $75,440; amount in circulation $299,679,048. Fractional currency destroyed $299,206.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 25, 1869.

COOLIE IMPORTATION.

The Secretary of the Treasury is in receipt of a letter from the Collector of Customs at New Orleans, covering a communication of William McCreery, relative to the importation of coolies into this country, and asking for instructions from the Department. He replies McCreery mistakes in stating that the act of February '62, prohibiting American citizens from engaging in the coolie trade, has been abrogated. On the 16th Jan'y, '67, a resolution was passed unanimously by both Houses of Congress, expressing the abhorrence of the people of the United States for the coolie trade, and in conformity with this resolution Secretary McCulloch addressed to the Collector at New Orleans a letter of the 19th of August, '67, of which a copy is enclosed. Article five of the treaty between the United States and the Chinese Empire, concluded at Washington on the 28th of July last, reprobates any other than voluntary emigration, and agrees to make it a penal offence to take Chinese subjects from China without their free and voluntary consent.

The Department of State, by circular of 17th January, '67, addressed to ministers and consuls of the United States, directs that consuls of every port where coolies may embark be required to certify, after full examination, that such embarkation is not forced or procured by fraud, but is voluntary, and requires that such ministers and consuls use all their authority, power and influence towards preventing and discouraging the traffic referred to in any way.

Such being the facts in the case, the Collector is authorized and directed to use all vigilance in the suppression of this, as the Secretary says, "new modification of the slave trade."

CONDITION OF NATIONAL BANKS.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—The abstract of the reports made to the Comptroller of the Currency of the condition of all the National banks at the close of business on the 16th day of June, shows the resources and liabilities to be $1,564,175,000; capital stock, $122,659,000; specie, $18,455,000; legal tender notes, $81,000,000; three per cent. certificates, nearly $5,000,000; surplus fund, $82,218,000; undivided profits, nearly $42,000,000; individual deposits, $574,307,000; United States deposits, $10,310,000.

Landing of the French Cable.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, July 24.—The shore end of the French Cable was landed last night, and hauled into the telegraph house on Rouses Hammock. The end of the Cable is said to be in good working condition. The wires from Kingston station to Duxbury are nearly all up, but there is as yet no communication from Rouse Hammock and will not be probably for some time. The steamers Chiltern and Scandaria take their departure this afternoon.

A battery of artillery for firing salutes will be sent, by the State authorities, to assist in the Cable celebration at Duxbury on Tuesday. The Governor and other State officials have been invited to participate and will probably do so.

BOSTON, July 25.—Among the gentlemen in the city to-day, intending to join the cable celebration at Duxbury, on Tuesday, are Count de Favreney, Charge d'Affaires, Count de Turrers and C. G. Beranger, of the French Legation, Count Colobiceus, Charge d'Affaires of Italy, L. G. Watson, American agent of the French Cable Company. Sir James Anderson, James Hill and Viscount Parker, of England, Captain Ward, of British Legation at Washington, H. W. McFarland, of New York, and several officers of the steamship Great Eastern.

NEW YORK CITY.

Important Revenue Case—Accident on the Erie Railroad—Mortuary—Extensive Fire—Hempstead Land Purchase.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 24, 1869.

The Cohen tobacco case, in which the defendants were charged with a violation of the revenue laws, was decided to day. The Commissioner ordered their discharge, holding that as they offered tobacco for sale which they had purchased at United States Marshal's sale, with a proviso that no further stamp would be required, the United States Court could not enforce a tax against a vendor which the officials had waived. In a charge of having umstamped packages of tobacco, the Commissioner held that the fact of having such was not criminal, but it was incumbent upon the informer to prove that such had been offered for sale. They were discharged on this count. This case has attracted considerable attention.

It is stated that a freight train on the Erie road ran into a passenger train near the depot in Jersey City last Wednesday, the caboose of the former being smashed and two men fatally injured. The facts of the affair are difficult to obtain.

The Cuban patriots, mostly Irishmen and ex Confederates, were paid ten dollars each, this morning, and dispersed.

The shipment of specie for Havana, on Thursday, was only $48,210, not $480,000.

Rev. H. W. Beecher addressed the bulls and bears in the gold room to-day.

The deaths this week numbered six hundred and ninety-two. Of these two hundred and eighty-three were children.

The Briggs Brothers, charged with incendiaring their stables to defraud insurance companies, have been discharged, no valid evidence being brought against them.

James Watson and G. Engles were arrested to-day for obtaining fifteen hundred dollars' worth of diamonds from a jeweler on a forged check.

Senator Fenton and family left for Europe to-day.

It is considered singular that no dispatch from the French Cable nas been received from Brest since the 12th inst.

NEW YORK, July 25, 1869.

Charles Harvey, of Tarrytown, N. Y., the competitor of A. T. Stewart for the purchase of the Hempstead Plains, Long Island, has commenced proceedings against the town authorities of Hempstead to prevent, if possible, the delivery of deeds to Mr. Stewart.

The particulars of the collision on the Erie road, on Wednesday last, are published, although the company endeavored to conceal the facts. One of the parties on the train states that on Wednesday evening, at about eight o'clock, the freight train which left Patterson, N. J., at 7.45 P. M., ran into a passenger train near the Jersey City depot. The caboose of the freight train was smashed and thrown from the track and Mr. Bogert, of Passaic, and Charles A. James, of Patterson, N. J., were thrown from their seats in the caboose and wounded. The latter is lying at his house in a critical condition, while the former was seriously injured. The accident is said to have been caused by a misplaced switch.

About nine o'clock last evening the extensive blacksmithing and wheel wright establishment of James M'Cann, 514 and 516 West Fourteenth street, was entirely destroyed by fire. The building and stock was valued at $70,000. The building belonged to M'Cann and was uninsured. The fire extended to the adjoining premises, occupied as a dyeing establishment. Total loss, $80,000 to $100,000.

The bark Lyman Cann, of Halifax, from Matanzas for Queenstown, put in here to-day with the crew sick with yellow fever. Capt. Gonday, wife and one man died and were buried at sea. She lost three men at Matanzas and left three in the hospital.

Political Difficulty at Charleston, S. C.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHARLESTON, July 24.—Much excitement prevails among the two wings of the Republican party here. Dr. Mackey, the late Collector, leads the Native wing, which includes the mass of the colored voters, while Senator Sawyer, Congressman Bowen and Geo. W. Clark, the newly appointed Collector in place of Mackey, head the Northern element. The removal of Mackey has intensified the bitterness between the two factions. On Thursday last Clark called on Mackey, and presenting his commission, demanded instant possession of the Collector's office. Mackey refused to vacate until he had taken inventories of public property and received a receipt from Clark, but promised to make the transfer on the 31st inst. Clark insisted on immediate surrender, which being refused, he entered Mackey's office and attempted to act as Collector, whereupon he was forcibly ejected by Mackey's subordinates. Yesterday afternoon Mackey and other Custom House officers were arrested at the instance of Clark on a charge of assault and obstructing an officer of the Revenue, and were bound over to answer before the United States Commissioner on Monday. During the hearing of the case Clark, with a posse of thirty men, forced his way into the Custom House and took possession, which he still retains. The partizans of Clark attempted to serenade Messrs. Sawyer and Bowen last night, but the colored Republicans rallied in large numbers and prevented the serenade, charging on the procession and capturing its flag, which they carried in triumph to Mackey, at his residence.

Politics in Tennessee.

[By telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, July 23.—The *State Journal*, published this afternoon, has a letter from Mr. Boutwell, Secretary of the Treasury, to Mr. Stokes, in which he says he is greatly interested in Stokes' success, be ieving that the future political character and general prosperity of Tennessee depends largely upon the continuance of the Republican party in power. He regards the supporters of Stokes as the true Republican party of Tennessee, and condemns the Republican supporters of Senter, because they are allied with the enemies of the Republican party.

Trans-Continental Railroad Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

OSWEGO, July 24.—A communication received by the Mayor from Portland, Me., suggesting that Oswego be the place for holding a trans-continental railway convention, was laid before the Board of Trade to-day. A call for the convention will be issued soon. All the leading railways from the Pacific to New Foundland are to be represented.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FRANCE.

LONDON, July 23.—A meeting of the irreconcilables was held yesterday, in Paris. M. Thiers, who attempted to lead, communicated the draft of an address to be issued in their name to the electors of France. The meeting, however, rejected the address, to the mortification of M. Thiers.

The French Assembly will not be reconvened until October. The Senate will remain in session the greater part of August, for the purpose of carrying out the changes in the Constitution, of which fifty-two are suggested. A message from the Emperor to the Senate is shortly expected. A strong opposition is looked for by the Conservatives, but it is thought it will be finally carried.

The Ministers are hard at work drawing up drafts of laws to be submitted to the Senate. The Emperor expresses a desire that the new laws be made more liberal even than proposed in his late message.

Prince Napoleon intends delivering an important speech in the Senate on the subject of the new reform, which he regards as hardly full enough.

PARIS, July 23.—Ishmael Pacha unexpectedly sailed to-day from Marseilles for Alexandria. It is rumored a rupture with the Sultan is the cause of his sudden departure.

SPAIN.

MADRID, July 23.—Much excitement has been created by the Carlist agitation, and many arrests were made to-day. The Government is undecided whether to confine itself to civil measures, to repress the disorder, or proclaim martial law.

MADRID, July 24.—The Government has issued a decree reviving and putting in force the martial law of April, 1821.

MADRID, July 25.—A fight has taken place near Cindad between some Carlists under Savariegos, and national troops commanded by Gen. Toraubete. The Carlists were defeated and dispersed, losing many killed and wounded. The agitation is general throughout the country, but no further hostilities are reported. The citizens here are excited over the news, but there are no indications of further disorder.

GERMANY.

MUNICH, BAVARIA, July 24.—The Ministry and prominent members of the Bavarian Diet have pledged themselves to support a bill based on a negotiation with Herr Roster, Bavarian Consul at Chicago, recognizing as valid all the legal bearings of marriages of Bavarians in the United States, without the previous consent of the home government; but the right of Bavarian citizenship is not to be immediately accorded to the wife of an alien by reason of her marriage.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Prince of Wales unveiled the Peabody statue, near the Exchange, to day with imposing ceremonies. Minister Motley, the Lord Mayor and Miss Coutts were among the speakers. An immense crowd witnessed the ceremony.

Lord Carrington has been found guilty of assault and battery on Mr. Murray and bound over to keep the peace for twelve months.

SOUTH AMERICA.

LONDON, July 24.—Dates from Rio Janeiro to June 25th, state Lopez was in the mountains in a strong position, with five thousand men.

The revolution in Uruguay continued. President Battle had marched into the interior again to meet Carabello, who was at the head of the insurgents.

GREECE.

ATHENS, July 23.—The Greek government has determined to suppress all foreign embassies, except that of Constantinople. The army and navy is to be reduced.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, July 24.—In the Reichstath the Committee on Budget reported against abolishing the Embassies at Rome and other European capitals.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, July 24.—The steamer Etna has arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, July 24.—*Evening*—Consols 93¼. American securities dull: 5 20 bonds 82¾; do. at Frankfort, 87⅜; Erie, 19; Illinois, 94½; Atlantic and Great Western, 22½.

LIVERPOOL, July 24.—*Evening*—Cotton market firmer; middling uplands on the spot 12⅛@12¾; Orleans 13@13¼; sales 15,000 bales. California white wheat 10s. 6d.; red western 9s. 2d. Western flour 23s. 6d. Corn—No. 2 mixed 30s. for old; 29s. for new. Oats 3s. 6d. Peas 39s. Pork 100s. Beef 90s. and firmer. Cheese 61s. Bacon 62s. Spirits Petroleum 7d; for refined 1s. 6d. Tallow 46s. Turpentine 26s. 9d. Linseed oil 33s.

LONDON, July 24.—*Evening*—Sperm oil 91s. Sugar 39s. 9d. Calcutta Linseed 26s. Linseed cakes 105s. Petroleum at Antwerp 50f. Cotton at Havre 15 on the spot.

FRANKFORT, July 24.—*Evening*—5 20 bonds 87¾.

PARIS, July 24.—*Evening*—Bourse dull; Rentes 71f. 92c.

ANTWERP, July 24.—*Evening*—Petroleum closed at 50½f.

HAVRE, July 24.—*Evening*.—Cotton closed active with the quotations unchanged.

Sreet Murder in Cincinnati.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, July 25.—Just after midnight, a young man named Matthew Collins was stabbed in the heart on the street and killed. He was in company on a spree, and had just left a saloon. Two men were fighting, when a third party interfered, whom Collins struck. Some one then stabbed him to the heart. He died in twenty minutes. The Coroner held an inquest, at which two witnesses swore that Thos. Kinney did the stabbing. He has fled. He is about twenty-one years of age, small and slender, and clad in dark clothing.

The Episcopal Trouble at Chicago.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 25.—Bishop Cummins, of Kentucky, notwithstanding the demand of Bishop Whitehouse of this Diocese that he should not do so, preached in Trinity Church this morning and evening in the presence of audiences that filled the church to its utmost seating capacity, twelve to fifteen hundred. Bishop Cummins publishes in the *Tribune* this morning a letter explaining his course in regard to the difficulty between himself and Bishop Whitehouse, to which is appended a letter from Bishop Whitehouse to himself. The letter is bitter in its tone. After recapitulating what he calls past aggressions on the part of Bishop Cummins, he says "the continuance of the present contest can have no excuse. It has degenerated into incidents which subject you to imputations of malevolent feeling, as well as of the disregard of what is gentlemanly and courteous. The principles which are involved in this interference and aggression I mean to submit, as you are aware, for such adjudication by our Peers as they may deem to be equivalent. I have avoided as far as in me lay pursuing its issues through any personal altercation. I shall under no circumstances resort to any penal charges, howsover satisfied I may be that reasonable cause for the same may exist. I must content myself in the name of God and His Church with entering solemn protest against acts and temper so derogatory to the dignity of our office, our confiding brotherhood, the peace of the Church and the well being of the portion of it committed by the Great Head to my unworthy charge. I, therefore, hereby, as far as I can to give it lawful and moral weight, and violating, I trust, no past claim of fraternal courtesy in the painful exigency so pertinaciously thrust upon me, do protest against you visiting my diocese to officiate in any manner within its bounds."

Latest News from Cuba.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, July 24.—Gen. Puello has issued a proclamation to the inhabitants of Puerto Principe, in which he declares his intention of acting according to and enforcing Captain General DeRoda's programme of policy, summed up in the words "Spain, justice, morality." Gen. Letona has left Puerto Principe and will embark on a Spanish steamer, probably for Spain. The rebels destroyed a bridge on the Neuvitas Railroad, near Puerto Principe.

KEY WEST, July 24.—Admiral Hoff, with the flagship Contocook, gunboat Gettysburg and iron clad Centaur, reached Santiago de Cuba on the 11th inst. Great excitement prevailed in the city, the people supposing the squadron came for the purpose of bombarding the place. On the 12th inst. the American Consul visited the Contocook and had an interview with Admiral Hoff. On the 13th inst. Admiral Hoff had an interview with the Governor and on the 14th inst. the Governor returned the visit. Official salutes were interchanged. Admiral Hoff made thorough examination of the circumstances attending the murder of Americans. The Governor stated that he could not resist the clamor of the volunteers for their blood, and consented to their execution on the ground of the late Captain General Dulce's proclamation, declaring filibusters pirates. Admiral Hoff severely condemned their execution without trial and made a sharp protest against it. The Governor agreed to allow prisoners to be tried in future, but orders have been issued to Spaniards not to bring in prisoners hereafter, but to kill them on the spot. The squadron left Santiago de Cuba on the 16th inst. and arrived here yesterday.

HAVANA, July 25.—The Spanish troops at Baracoa have captured and shot sixty rebels. The cholera is decreasing at Puerto Principe.

Terrible Murder at Chicago.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 25.—A revolting murder was committed in this city on Saturday noon, at 112 Fourteenth street, the murderer being Thomas Wilson, a laboring man, aged seventy years, and the victim his wife, aged about thirty-five years. Wilson has been an intemperate man for several years, and when intoxicated was exceedingly brutal in his conduct, while his wife was an amiable, industrious woman, doing her best to support her drunken husband and her four children. Wilson was formerly an officer in the British army and served in the Crimea, but sold his commission and came to this country with no business or profession that could afford him a living. He soon relapsed into the condition of a loafer, and did little or nothing for the support of himself or family. At the hour named he approached his wife, while she was engaged in her domestic duties in the kitchen, and gave her a fearful stab in the abdomen with a dirk. He then repeated the blow in the temple. Either wound would have proved fatal, and she died in a few minutes. Wilson is in jail.

Presidential Party at Long Branch—Hotel Stables Burned.

LONG BRANCH, July 25.—President Grant and family attended service at the Methodist Episcopal Church this morning. At three o'clock they rode to the residence of Mr. John Hoey, with whom they dined, returning at half past eight. Arrangements are all complete for the grand ball which is to be given in honor of the President to morrow evening.

At three o'clock this morning the stables attached to the Mansion House caught fire and were completely destroyed. The flames spread so rapidly that the stablemen had to jump out of the windows to save their lives. The horses in the stables were saved. By the efforts of the servants and guests of the Mansion and Continental hotels, the flames were kept from extending to the hotels. There was great excitement among the ladies and guests of the hotels. Jno. T. Slane, an old volunteer fireman of Brooklyn, was badly burned while helping to extinguish the fire. The cause of the fire is unknown. Loss, $10,000; partially insured.

Fires at Erie and Waterford, Pa.

ERIE, Pa., July 25.—The Erie Lime and Cement Works were burned this morning. Loss $4,000; uninsured. Also the store room for stoves of Barr, Johnson & Co.; insured for $12,000, equally in Phœnix, Germania and Home.

At Waterford, Erie county, this morning, the tannery of Barnett & Willard was burned. Loss not known; insured.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The steamship City of Brooklyn, from Liverpool, arrived at New York last evening.

—Frederick Appelbaum, a laborer on a farm near St. Louis, hung himself on Friday last. Cause, unrequited love.

—Capt. Joseph Sutton, a well-known commander in the Pacific Mail Steamship service, died at San Francisco on Friday last.

—Hon. Albert Lange, a well known citizen of Terre Haute, Indiana, died at his residence in that city, on Sunday, after a brief illness.

—F. F. Jones, a wealthy citizen of Liberty Mills, Indiana, dropped dead Friday night last, from heart disease, at White Sulphur Springs, Va.

—Crop reports from Southern Georgia and Florida are very cheering. Numerous specimens of the new crop have been received at Savannah.

—The police force at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., has been trebled, owing to incendiary fires. The Mayor offers a liberal reward for the detection of the villains.

—George Seibert, a Cincinnati saloon keeper, shot himself in the head Saturday afternoon and died instantly. No reason is known for the suicide.

—M. M. Taylor, an assistant county clerk, died on Saturday from the effects of a fall from a window in the third story of the Court House at Cincinnati.

—Thomas Sherwin, for many years head master of the Boston English high school, died suddenly of heart disease at Dedham, Massachusetts, on Friday last.

—The various German societies of San Francisco resolved to celebrate the centennial anniversary of the birth of Alex. von Humboldt by a grand concert and festival.

—A combination of manufacturers has been formed at Cleveland, Youngstown and elsewhere in Ohio for the purpose of testing the validity of the new boiler inspection law.

—Commander Ashe, of the Royal Navy, of Quebec Observatory, and Rev. Mr. Douglass, leave Quebec to-day for Jefferson City, Iowa, to view the eclipse of August 7th.

—A political fracas occurred at Upper Three Runs, Barnwell district, S. C., on Saturpay, in which two men were killed and several wounded. The affair was confined to whites.

—The champion nine of the Empire Base Ball Club of St. Louis left for Cincinnati last evening, where they will play the Red Stockings to-day, and then visit Louisville and other points east.

—The woolen factory of M. C. Lucas & Co., at Redfield, Iowa, was burned on the morning of the 24th, together with the machinery and upwards of 50,000 pounds of wool. Loss heavy, with no insurance.

—The Congressional Committee of Ways and Means arrived at San Francisco on Saturday, from Portland, Oregon, via Victoria, and start eastward to-day, visiting Virginia City and White Pine Silver Mines *en route*.

—The Board of Trustees of Iowa University, located at Mount Pleasant, have elected Hon. James Harlan, United States Senator from that State, President of that institution. It is not known whether he will accept.

—The paper warehouse of Whitman & Co., in Nashville, Tenn., was destroyed by fire Saturday morning, together with the greater part of its contents. An adjoining house was also burned. Loss, $20,000; covered by insurance.

—Two Misses Berner, of Charlestown, Mass., visiting in Auburn, Me., and two sons of Rev. Mr. Libby, of Auburn, were drowned in Lake Auburn, Saturday afternoon. They were out in a row boat, which sunk. Two others in the boat escaped.

—The annual convention of the Grand Army of the Republic of California was held at San Francisco on Saturday. Delegates representing twelve posts were present. Each post reported a large increase of membership and a healthy financial condition.

—A train on the Connecticut River railroad ran off the track, north of Holyoke, Saturday morning. Only three persons were hurt. H. H. Snow, the engineer, had one leg badly broken. Amos Washer, fireman, and Frank Kingsley, brakeman, were slightly injured.

—Senator Hendricks, of Indiana, was met at San Francisco by members of the Democratic State Central Committee and escorted to his hotel, where he was serenaded and introduced to the people by Senator Casserly, but merely thanked the audience, declining to make a speech.

—The Common Council of Portland, Oregon, have appointed a Committee from their body to receive Hon. Wm. H. Seward on his arrival and to tender him the hospitality of the city. The citizens of Victoria, Vancouver Island, have also made preparations to give him a generous reception.

—John Kern, employed in Sumner's Sewing Machine Factory at Cincinnati, fell through a hatching sixty-five feet. He had stepped into the open hatchway with a sewing machine in his arms. One arm was shattered and the other arm broken, and internal injuries inflicted from which he will hardly recover.

—The sand bank on the branch of the New York Central Railroad, at Ilion, caved in on Saturday morning, between eight and nine o'clock, and buried several workmen. One is still supposed to be beneath the sand. The others were rescued more or less injured, one of them, David Sullivan, it is feared fatally.

—Mike Dougherty, a laborer at Elmwood Cemetery, near Memphis, was shot and killed by Will Stevens Sunday afternoon. Dougherty was trying to keep Stevens from shooting Mr. Hill, Superintendent of the Cemetery, when he received the fatal shot. The affair grew out of refusal to assist in digging a grave.

—A dispatch from Des Moines, Iowa, says the harvest is getting on finely and the reports continue to be more encouraging. If good weather continues, the amount of wheat and oats will be one-fourth larger than in any previous year, the increased amount raised more than making up for the damage inflicted by the flood.

—Contrary to a previous statement made through the public press, that Elisha C. Sprague had acquiesced in the judgment of the Court, at Wheaton, Ill., which required him to pay forty thousand dollars to Miss Amanda J. Craig, of Cincinnati, for breach of promise, that gentleman has appealed to the Supreme Court for a writ of error in the case.

Ladies' Anti-Liquor Phalanx—War Between the Ladies and Saloon Keepers in Michigan—Curious Proceedings—Ladies Triumphant.

The ladies of Jonesville, Michigan, have an organization known as the "Ladies' Phalanx," which proposes to suppress the liquor selling in that village. Some weeks ago the first official visit to the saloons made a marked sensation, and an account of it was published in all parts of the country. The "Phalanx" still exists. Strange to say it is a secret society, and stranger still it keeps its secrets. The Detroit *Tribune* gives an account of its present condition and doings. It must be remembered that Michigan has a prohibitory law, though it has been for years a dead letter. Immediately after its visit to the saloons, sentinels are posted by the keepers to warn of its approach, and when any considerable body of ladies appear, the saloons are suddenly closed. Small numbers of the sex sometimes unexpectedly enter, with pencil and paper, taking notes. One day several ladies entered a carriage and were driven toward Hillsdale, where the prosecuting Attorney resides. The movement was noted, and the saloons were immediately closed, and the keepers with a constable and a factotum for complaint against each was amicably made and suits instituted for a violation of the liquor law, probably intended as an offset to forestall the ladies' supposed prosecution. But the joke of the thing is that the Prosecuting Attorney stepped in and took charge of the suits in good earnest.

Then followed the voluntary closing up of hotels and saloons, by the keepers nailing boards across the windows and doors, discharging boarders, stopping hotel runners and omnibusses, and a general embargo on the traveling public declared, while citizens looked on to see the sport. The ladies, not at all disconcerted at this, immediately opened their houses for the acception of travelers, gratis, until public temperance houses could be started; hired carriages, and in person met travelers at the cars and invited them to their houses, where they unexpectedly received superior fare, accommodation and attention. The hotel keepers saw their game was blocked and began to "climb down" as soon as possible. Two days passed, and at night the boards were removed from the hotel doors and windows, and vehicles began to run as usual. In conjunction with these occurrences, a petition circulated by the ladies, signed by some three hundred ladies and gentlemen, asking for a suppression of the tippling saloons, was presented to the Common Council, a majority of whom are supposed to be in favor of carrying out the wishes of the citizens. The movement is fast increasing in friends, and finding sympathy with the sterner sex. Coteries of ladies are seen gathered here and there in apparently earnest consultation. It is the ladies vs. Tippling and Gambling. It is the earnest determined women at work.

Graining.

A process has recently been announced in Europe for imitating the grains of wood of different kinds, with the most perfect exactness, which consists in using a piece of the wood to be imitated as a plate for taking off an accurate impression of the texture. To do this, a piece of the wood is selected of fine quality and approved grain, about five feet long, twelve inches wide, and a quarter of an inch thick, well cleaned upon both sides, and made with smooth sand paper. A chemical preparation is then applied to the wood, which has the effect of opening its pores, and at the same time hardening its surface, and when the board thus prepared is thoroughly dried, it constitutes a wood plate for printing. The material with which the impression is to be made is prepared in oil, and is especially adapted for transferring. The paint is applied to the board by means of a roller, any superfluous quantity of paint being removed with a pallette. The sized paper, prepared expressly, is then laid over the board, and both are passed through the rollers; and when the paper is stripped off from the wood, it carries with it all the paint, marked off with the grains of the wood. This paper is then to be applied to the surface on which the imitation is to be effected, with the painted side downwards, of course, and the back of the impression is lightly rubbed with a piece of soft flannel. On stripping off the paper a fac-simile of the board is left behind. The other details of the process are given at length in the account of which the present is only an abstract, and we presume that if not already introduced into this country it soon will be, and employed largely for decorative purposes.

A FRENCH paper, the *Gaulois*, seriously informs its readers that, encouraged by a phrophecy of Nostradamus, M. Fretreau, formerly an assistant of the famous chemist Gay Lussac, has turned his attention to alchemy, and has at last succeeded in converting an ingot of silver into an ingot of gold by the combined action of nitric acid and electricity. Upon this the *Pall Mall Gazette* observes: It is true that the cost of production exceeds many times the value of the article produced, so that M. Fretreau reminds one of Raymond de Lulli, an alchemist of the sixteenth century, of whom Brantome naively relates that, disdaining to turn lead into gold, a very easy and common process, he actually succeeded in converting gold into lead.

A FEW days ago, a man was passing a Chinaman's butcher stall in San Francisco, when he turned back and asked the proprietor what street that was. "John" told him, but the fellow replied, "You lie," and struck him a heavy blow in the face. The Chinaman, instead of fleeing, resisted the coward, knocked him down and beat him till he cried lustily for quarter. When the fellow regained his feet, and was about to sneak away, "John" said: "You speakee Chinamen lie too muchee. You want to knock Chinaman down, you comee see me; me likee fight, you sabe?" The whipped man made off followed by the jeers of a large crowd of spectators.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

BETROTHAL.

O for one hour of such enchanted light
As made a fairer daytime in the sky,
When on the willow-bank we sat that night,
My old-time love and I!

A while we talked so low and tenderly,
We felt the listening trees above us lean;
And louder far the silence seemed to me
That fell at last between.

Her heart lay floating on its quiet thoughts,
Like water-lilies on a tranquil lake;
And Love within, unknown, became unsought,
Lay dreaming half awake.

Ah, Love is lightest sleeper ever known!
A whisper, and he started plain to view;
Old as the heavens seemed our story grown,
While yet the moon was new.

And when she spoke her answer seemed the while
Sweeter for sweetness of the lips that told,
Setting a precious word within a smile—
A diamond ringed with gold.

Then bloomed for us the perfect century-flower;
Then filled the cup and overran the brim;
And all the stars processional, that hour,
Chanted a bridal hymn.

Ah, Time all after-days may far away,
Such joy as that thou hast but once to give,
And Love is royal from his crowning-day,
Though kingdomless he live.

CARL SPENCER in Harper's Magazine for August.

EPHEMERIS.

—Paris uses steam omnibuses.

—Blot, professor and cook, is in Hartford.

—Madame Ratazzi is in Paris giving balls.

—Judy calls the police-van a legal conveyance.

—Savannah is to have a line of German steamers.

—George Sand has had a spat with her Empress.

—The Chinese Koopmansoop is a Dutchman.

—Miss Laura Keene has turned farmer and likes it.

—The Two-wrist's Companion—handcuffs—[*Fun.*

—Michigan might be happy, but she has the potato bug.

—Miss Josie Orton, the actress, is to lecture at Cape May.

—Iowa has "a new and singular bug," which is playing hob with the wheat.

—Balfe's Bohemian girl has recently been brought out for the first time in Paris.

—Mormon missionaries are at work among the degenerate unbelievers in Virginia.

—Question for the Geographical Society—Is the Bey of Tunis a deep cove? —*Judy.*

—The man who was laboring to build up a reputation has suspended work for want of stock.

—They have had a cold summer in England, and Punch says the dog-days are very biting.

—Gladstone has attained one of the highest pinnacles of renown—he has been burnt in effigy.

—Tamberlik, the turbulent tenor of Spanish renown, is now in London doing Don Giovanni.

—Falconry is one of the old-fashioned amusements which has come again, at the Court of St. Cloud.

—The *Post* says, "the Spanish troops in Cuba, have the vomito, and it is feared they will throw up the cause."

—St. Louis has bored an artesian well three-quarters of a mile deep, and hasn't come yet to either water or fire.

—Massachusetts has no apples. It is well, for thus will her people be delivered from all temptation to drink cider.

—A water spout of the most approved South Sea pattern was seen on the Cumberland river near Nashville recently.

—The latest way to tie on a bonnet is to pin the strings loosely together with a flower somewhere about the small of the back.

—From the present appearances, the U. S. District Court, now in session at Erie, will not adjourn until the latter part of the present week.

—A New York paper in noticing the admission, to the bar, of Prof. Vashon, says his head has however no connection with the woolsack.

—Systematic persecution and horrible atrocities is the line of treatment adopted by the inhabitants of the Danubian provinces towards all Jews.

—Kamehamaha V, present Sovereign of Hawaii, is a learned gentleman who is fond of geology and chemistry, and has the finest model farm in his dominions.

—Edward R. Sill, the California poet, is a graduate of Yale College, of the class of '61. He delivered the poem before the Phi Beta Kappa society of that college last Wednesday.

—Somebody says that Mrs. Stanton is the salt, Anna Dickinson the peper, and Mrs. Anthony the vinegar of the woman's rights salad. We would prefer lettuce alone.—[N. O. *Times.*]

—Cornell University prospers, while Vassar College does not seem to show any ill effects as yet, resulting from the recent attack on or exposure of that institution in the *National Quarterly.*

—The first rail on the Sioux City end of the Dubuque and Sioux City railroad, Iowa, was laid on Wednesday last. The track will be put down at the rate of two miles per day until completed.

—The New York *Times* says, "We want an *American* Cable." So we do, but we want so many American things, including a line or two of Ocean steamers, that nobody seems to know where to begin.

—Among the occasional visitors to Erie, there is none more welcome than the Hon. Wilson McCandless, who, during the brief seasons he has been with us, has proved himself one of "nature's noblemen," a gentleman whose friendship it is an honor to possess.—*Erie Dispatch.*

—In the list of Pittsburghers at Cape May we notice Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Painter, Mr. and Mrs. David McCandless, Mr. Frank McCandless and Miss McCandless; the Misses Hutchison and Miss O'Hara. The latter young lady is spoken of as the "queen of the ball room and the belle of the beach."

—A jury of a justice's court in a rural district of California decided that the State law prohibiting persons from carrying concealed weapons is unconstitutional, because the Constitution of the United States says that "the right of people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed," and the county judge sustained the decision.

—The Prince of Wales is proud of his calves. His honored father was a great cattle raiser, and devoted much time to the improvement of stock, so the Prince may be said to have come by this vanity naturally. In order to be able to make a proper display of them—his father delighted in cattle shows—he favors the introduction of knee breeches.

—The news that Queen Victoria is falling in health must strike the privileged classes of England with peculiar unpleasantness. Much of the loyalty of British subjects is based upon the person and virtues of the Queen, rather than upon any love of the throne or royal institutions, and her death would be the signal for liberal demands that will likely sleep during her life.

—An open letter, dated Buffalo, July 8th, was picked up on the street there recently, addressed to "My Dear Wife," and subscribed your "Your Loving Husband" in which the loving husband announced that he was forced to abandon her on account of pecuniary circumstances; that he hoped to send for her as soon as he arrived at Boston, but at the same time he trusted she would try to forget him.

—The difficulty in obtaining Chinese latterly for Peru and Cuba is, that while thousands have gone to these countries during many years, none ever returned, nor were even their dead bodies brought back, as from California; which was done at one time, to indicate that good faith was meant on the part of the company, and, living or dead, that the Chinaman was to be brought back to his country.

—A certain fashionable book publisher of New York recently, while enjoying an airing behind a span of high-steppers in Central Park one afternoon last week, overtook an author of his who was quietly jogging along in a modest buggy, and remarked jocosely, as he passed the latter, "You'll excuse me getting ahead of you?" "Don't mention it. Publishers generally *do* get ahead of their authors!" was the quick retort.

—Job was a very patient man; he had various inducements to show his temper, but always acted as if he had none to show. If he had one, he kept it jealously stowed away out of sight. But if Job, the Prince of Patients, had attempted to write short items for a daily paper surrounded by half a million flies, each and every one of which had stubbornly determined to crawl over his face or hands and critically examine all his features, we fear the poor old man would have given in and lost his hardly-earned reputation.

Wedding Cards.

The latest style in London for wedding cards is with the bride's maiden name printed upon the inside of the envelope, envelope stamped with the crest in silver, or with monogram, inclosing the bride's visiting card, together with the gentleman's. Invitations to large weddings at church, with receptions at home, are engraved on note sheets, with monograms combining the initials of bride and groom, or with arms and crest, or crest alone. A card upon which is engraved the reception days of the bride and groom the following month is also inclosed, together with cards of the bride and groom tied together with a white satin knot. The rage for monograms is on the increase rather than decrease, although it this season shares a fashionable preference for the crest and coats of arms. Very high, brilliant colors are extensively patronized. A great deal of gold is used, and in the monograms the letters are seemingly inextricably deciphered at a glance; but they are beautiful, and serve more as an artistic ornamentation upon the page or envelope than the purpose of a monogram proper. Some very beautiful designs are shown this season for the *menu.* Among them the nautical one is the most brilliant and attractive. Monograms are used upon everything, even in polished steel upon the door-plates of aristocratic residences. Names of private country places are now printed upon note paper in rustic letters, tastefully embossed, with the capitals in scarlet, heading the other letters in French blue. The reptile mania is partially revived in various comic and grotesque monogram forms. Pet-name monograms, especially among young people, are extensively patronized.

Novelties of a Parisian Fete.

At the grand fête given in Paris to the Khedive (Pasha) of Egypt, by the Persian Consul, the following novelties were introduced: A variety of new figures were invented for the cotillion dance immediately after supper for the amusement of the numerous Orientals present. Sealed despatches having been distributed to the ladies, they were found to contain strange *coiffures*, which each was requested to place on the head of him whom she wished should be her cavalier. Hoops were next distributed, which, opening by a spring, suddenly imprison the elect among six charged with offering one to each lady. The prisoner naturally becomes a partner. Petards, presented by each *danseuse* to her selected cavalier, when drawn, fire off costumes which the luckless recipient is in duty bound to assume while dancing the next figure. The steeple chase figure was accomplished by a distribution to the ladies of fans, on which the names of race horses were inscribed. Cards of admission are delivered to the men, who, at a signal given by the leader, seek among the ladies for her whose fan bears the name of the horse inscribed on his card.

Charles Reade at Home.

Charles Reade avoids what is called "society," nevertheless, four or five guests are always to be found at his genial table. They are, usually, people remarkable in some way or other—in letters, science or the mimic art. Genuine talent invariably meets with a cheering word from him.

One evening he was persuaded to seat himself at the flower-shaded piano, and he burst forth into the plaintive, quaint old English ballad that Griffith Gaunt forced Mercy Vint to sing—"The Song that Won the Jealous Heart."

The following anecdote has, I think, been told before, but it will bear to be repeated, if only to show Charles Reade's love of America, even in small things:

He had invited a few friends to dine, but was prevented returning home until his guests had assembled. Some weeks prior to this he had requested an American friend to send him some bay rum, which arrived at the dinner hour. The words "Bay Rum" on the case made the guests inquisitive; and a relative of the author, supposing it was new liquor which the absent host had ordered for that very dinner party, had the box opened, and they all tossed off a modicum of bay rum! At this stage of the proceedings the missing man appeared, heard the story and quietly determined to note the effects of bay rum as a beverage. It did not suit the general palate, and disapprobation was expressed. They liked brandy smash, sherry cobbler, mint julep; but this was—"really—you know—quite nausty!"

Hereupon Charles Reade revealed the secret, and the disgust, on learning that they had been drinking hair-wash, or scent, or anything but rum, was only equalled by their misgivings as to poison.

In society or at home Charles Reade is always the same; his manners are a happy blending of affabilty and dignity, and calculated to put strangers at their ease with him. He possesses in an unusual degree erudition without pedantry, wit without sarcasm, candor without bitterness, kindness without weakness—refinement, modesty and simplicity. Even while enchanted with his numberless mental gifts, one almost forgets the distinguished author in admiration of his high qualities as a "good man."—*Packard's Monthly.*

Paper Petticoats.

An exchange says the uses to which paper can be put seem to be in no way exhausted yet. Paper collars have become a great fact of the nineteenth century, but what will ladies say to paper petticoats? These have been produced with great success, and will rival in every way the snow white and elaborately ornate garments poor male mortals are accustomed to look upon with fear and reverence. We have all heard of the artist who used to make caricatures of his friends upon his shirt collars, and the author who inscribed an epic upon a couple of dozen of the same useful article of attire. Thus we see a field of great usefulness for the petticoat for the future. Young ladies can make sketches from nature on their own petticoats. Every damsel her own sketch-book will be their motto. Poets can inscribe sonnets to their mistress' ankles around the hem of her petticoats. Mothers can have fairy tales, alphabets and small scholastic works inscribed on their garments and so instruct their children as they walk about with them. Fancy the announcement, "Madame Percale begs leave to call the attention of the ladies about to visit the sea-side to her new and richly embroidered petticoats at one shilling each. Each petticoat contains an installment of a new novel of great domestic interest, by Mr. Anthony Trollope, entitled 'Tucks or Frills.' The story will be complete in fifty weekly petticoats." There is no reason whatever why journalism should not be represented in this way. For example, the *Daily Petticoat*, a journal for ladies; or the weekly *Pinafore and Girl's Gazette.*

New Religious Enterprise.

A new era in the American missionary work seems to have been begun in Chicago by an enterprise which must eventually revolutionize the old missionary system that has so long been in practice among our religious institutions in America. The event referred to was the dedication of Tabernacle Tent, which, under the auspices of the Baptist denomination, was on Friday evening set apart by appropriate and solemn devotional exercises for the use of God. The purpose to which this tent is to be put is one which is decidedly novel, and, if the experiment prove successful, will give a new impetus to missionary labor on the plains, and solve a great problem as to the method by which religious instruction is to be carried to those who are out of reach of the regular influences of religious teachings. The tent, which is destined for the missionary work in Kansas, is thirty feet high in the centre, eight feet high at the side and seventy feet in diameter, with a seating capacity of 1,500. It was filled on Friday night to overflowing by an attentive audience, which joined heartily in the singing and devotional exercises.—*Chicago Republican.*

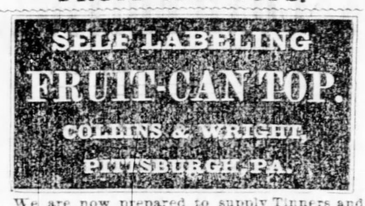
Our frontier females do not seem to understand the necessity of taking the census, and naturally resist such things. Such was the case in Cheyenne. To one Mr. Pierce, the collector, said: "What is your age?" and she replied: "That is an impudent question, and I won't tell you." "Well, I shall put you down at thirty," said Pierce. "I'm only twenty-seven," indignantly exclaimed the now thoroughly enraged lady. The record was corrected accordingly. "Madam," said Mr. Pierce to another lady, "I have been at your house twice to take the census." "You had better not let me catch you there taking anything," answered the independent woman. "I want to know how many children you have," asked Pierce, walking into a house. "What's that your business?" answered the dame, "so long as we don't ask you to keep them?" "I am taking the census, and must know," pursued Pierce. "Well, I guess somebody has been takin' yours, and you'd better be hunting them up, young man," vociferated the dame.

Smokers of the royal weed are recommended to place in the bowls of their pipes a little powdered tannin, or a sponge saturated with tannin. The smoke will thus be deprived of its characteristic aroma and all the vaporized nicotine, which is the intoxicating principle. At first the smoke will be entirely free from all taste and smell of tobacco, but as the sponge becomes charged with the nicotine the odor will reappear. By charging the sponge frequently, the smoker may indulge in his habit immoderately as he pleases without injurious effect.

GAS FIXTURES.

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS.
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.



We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.
It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,
by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh25

PIPES, CHIMNEY TOPS, &c.

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h27 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

SUMMER GOODS
AT
REDUCED RATES.
Would call attention to the large reduction we have made in
Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas,
SELLING AT HALF PRICE.
COTTON HOSIERY,
LISLE GLOVES,
SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
All at Very Low Prices.
COLORED SILK FANS,
SILK BOWS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
CORSETS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
IRISH LINEN,
WHITE GOODS,
(of all kinds.)
FRINGES, BUTTONS, EMBROIDERIES.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
78 & 80 Market Street.
jy10

NEW SUMMER GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Gracley's shirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear.
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shake Collars. "Lockwood's" "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
my4

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 132 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.
Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies' WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. ☞ A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh27 n3

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.

JUST RECEIVED.
FANCY
Linen Collars and Cuffs,
NEW STYLES.
TUCKED, EMBROIDERED
AND
Plain Linen Chemizettes.
SHETLAND
AND
SEA SIDE SHAWLS.

PONGEE SILK PARASOLS,
Different Colors.
TRAVELING BAGS AND SATCHELS,
Palm, Linen, Silk Fans,
JAPANESE FANS.
Hoop Skirts,
THE LATEST NOVELTIES.
BALMORAL SKIRTS
AND SKIRTING.
Kid Gloves,
ALL SHADES.
Silk, Lisle and Cotton Gloves.
HOSIERY,
All Kinds, Including a Full Line of
BALBRIGGAN
AND FINER MAKES.
Plain and Embroidered Corsets,
HAIR ROLLS,
Coils and Switches,
HANDKERCHIEFS.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
ALL SIZES AND QUALITIES.
Gents' Shirts, Hose, Ties,
SUSPENDERS, DRAWERS, &C.
WHITE GOODS,
HATS,
BONNETS,
FLOWERS,
RIBBONS, all widths,
WAIST and NECK
RIBBONS.
BARGAINS
IN ALL KINDS OF GOODS.
Stock Kept Up During the Season
BY DAILY ARRIVALS OF
NEW GOODS,
CALL AT
JOSEPH HORNE & CO'S,
77 and 79
MARKET STREET.
jy11:m40

CARPETS.

CARPETS,
Floor Oil Cloths,
MATTINGS,
Window Shades,
AT LOW PRICES.
We offer many of our goods much below last Spring's prices. Those needing goods in our line can save money by buying at once.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
jy14:6&T
JULY, 1869.
SPECIAL SALE OF
CARPETS.
We offer at Retail, for THIRTY DAYS ONLY, a line of New and Choice Patterns
English Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrain, and Other Carpets,
AT LESS THAN COST OF IMPORTATION, and our entire stock at prices which make it an object to buy this month, as these goods have never been offered so low.
Our Store will close at 5 P. M. until September first.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
jy8:d&T (Second Floor).
NEW CARPETS!
June, 1869.
We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST
VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,
The Very Newest Designs,
Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED
INGRAINS,
VERY SUPERIOR
QUALITY AND COLORS.
An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.
We are now selling many of the above at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
je12
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A
FINE SELECTION OF
BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS
THREE PLY AND
INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
WHITE, CHECK & FANCY
MATTINGS,
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
IN THE CITY.
STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
AT
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S.
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.
Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.
All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL
private diseases, Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Failing, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (Near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, July 24, 1869.

Business generally has been quiet and dull during the week which has just closed, though not more so than usual at this season of the year. The demand for almost everything is very light, being restricted mainly to supplying immediate wants—dealers generally are disposed to carry just as little stock as possible, being apprehensive of a shrinkage in values. Furthermore it is not likely that there will be any improvement in trade within the next thirty days, or until country people are through with harvesting.

The weather during the week has been unusually fine for harvesting, and it is safe to say that most of the wheat in this section of country has been safely secured, and it is generally conceded that the yield is the largest for many years.

It is a fact worthy of consideration, that spring wheat flour, in consequence of the high price in the west, is in a fair way for being driven out of this market. At this time, choice spring wheat brands cost as much as good winter wheat flour, and taking Chicago prices as a basis, even more. The Chicago *Tribune* of Friday, in commenting on the wheat market and noticing the fact that August deliveries were not worth as much as those of July, says: This argues less confidence in the future than the present, a condition of things partially traceable to the large quantities of red winter wheat from Indiana now offering on this market at the prices of spring grain. The winter wheat crop is the largest ever known, and it will compete seriously with spring in the markets. It is now offered here by four or five parties to the extent of perhaps 100,000 bushels, for August, in round lots, this being the first time in a long time, that winter wheat has been offered in round lots on this market. Several thousand bushels have already been sold for this month. This backward movement of grain from Indiana to Chicago is a result of the high prices which have been the rule here for some time past, which have made it pay better to ship to Chicago than in an Eastern direction.

APPLES—In good demand and in limited supply; sales at $3@4 for fair to prime, and $4½@5 for choice.

BERRIES—Sales Blackberries at $4 per bush. and Huckelberries at $5@5,50.

BUTTER—Unchanged; sales of good to choice at 20@25.

BEANS—Sales at $1,75@2.

BROOMS—Quoted as follows: No. 5 $6,50; No. 4 $6; No. 3 $5, No. 2, plain, $4,50, and market firm.

CHEESE—Sales Western Reserve, at 15; Hamburg, at 16; Factory, at 17; and Goshen, at 18.

CARBON OIL—Is dull but unchanged; sales of 50 or 100 barrel lots, at 27@28. and in small lots, 29@30.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches have still further declined, and holders are anxious to realize and close out. We now quote at 7@8 for quarters, and 12@13 for prime halves. Apples 10@12c, as to quality.

EGGS—Demand rather better, and fresh packed may be quoted at 21.

FLOUR—For the first time in several years, Spring and Winter Wheat are about the same price in this market, and if there is not a reaction in the west soon, Winter will be the cheaper of the two. Dealers cannot bring flour here from Chicago or Milwaukee, at present prices, and as a consequence, stocks are very much run down, and the arrivals very small. Choice Spring Wheat flour, is quoted at $7,00, while good Winter Wheat is offered at same price, and it is generally conceded that in point of quality, Winter is better than Spring, particularly in hot weather.

GRAIN—Prime to choice old Wheat is in demand, at $1,35@1,40: sale 1 car new (from Indiana) at $1,35, and it is reported that 10,000 bush Amber has been offered at $1,25, for future delivery. Oats in better supply and the market is rather dull, though the majority of dealers think that higher prices will prevail before the new crop is brought forward, and some parties refuse to sell at present prices; we continue to quote at 68@69 on track and 70@72 for small lots in store. Rye is in demand at $1,25, with a sale of 1 car load at $1,27. Corn is strong and very scarce in this market; we now quote at 90@95, although some holders are asking $1,00, and it well probably bring that figure within a day or two.

HAY—Sales of new crop from wagon, $15@25, as to quality. Baled (old crop) scarce and firm with sales at $25@28.

HEMP—Last sales at $205.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2,50, per bbl, and Common White at $1,75.

LARD OIL—Sales of No. 2 at $1,15@1,18 and No. 1 at 1,45@$1,48

POULTRY—Sales of spring chickens, at 65@6,70 per pair.

POTATOES—Continue very dull, with a supply largely in excess of demand; we now quote at $1,50@1,75 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Market firmer and prices tending upward. Shoulders, 15; Ribbed Sides, 17¾@18; Clear Sides, 19; Plain Hams, 19; Sugar Cured Hams, 22½@25; Sugar Cured Shoulders, 17; Dried Beef, 21@22. Lard, 20¼@20½ in tierces and 21 in kegs. Mess Pork, $33½.

PEANUTS—Small sales at 12.

SALT—Allegheny River brands are quoted, by the car load, at $1,75@1,80.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Cotton is steady and more doing; sales of 1,200 bales at 34c for middling uplands. Flour; receipts were 6,019 bbls.; Flour is active and 15@25c better; the advance is chiefly upon shipping grades; sales of 12,600 bbls. at $5,60@6,25 for superfine state and western, $6,60@7,25 for common to choice extra state, $6,30@7,25 for extra western, $7,30@7,50 for white wheat extra, $6,70@7,50 R. H. O., $7@7,50 for extra St. Louis, $8@10 for good to choice do. Rye Flour firm; sales of 300 bbls. at $4,50@6,75. Corn Meal firmer; sales of 300 bbls. southern at $5,75, 20 bbls. Brandywine at $6. Whisky is decidedly firmer; sales of 400 bbls. western at $1,07 @1,08 for free. Wheat; receipts were 144,149 bush.; Wheat is 1@2c better with a good export, fair speculation and middling demand; sales of 186,000 bush. at $1,54@1,56 for No. 2 spring, inside price for inferior Chicago, $1,59@1,61 for No. 1 do: $1,65 for amber Michigan; $1,66 for new amber Georgia: $1,57 for new amber Maryland; $1,66 for white State; $1,66@1,70 for whiteMichigan.and $1,72½ for white California. Rye more active and firmer; 15,000 bush western at $1,28 @1,30. Barley nominal. Barley malt steady; 700 bush State at 19c. Corn 2@3c better and more active, receipts 104,628, sales 179,000 bush at 85c@$1,02 for unsound new mixed western; $1,05@1,10 for sound do, the latter price for very choice; $1,10 for western yellow. Oats dull, new beginning to arrive; receipts 28,802, sales 8,000 bush at 82¼c for western in store; 85@85¼c do afloat, and 75@80c for Jersey new on spot and to arrive. Rice is dull. Coffee quiet. Sugar quiet; 325 boxes Cuba at 11½@12½c; 140 boxes Havana at 12c. Molasses dull. Petroleum quiet at 17c for crude, and 32c for refined. Hops quiet at 9@17c for American. Linseed Oil dull at 97c@$1. Coal quiet. Leather: hemlock sole drooping at $1,30@1,32, Buenos Ayres and Rio Grande light and middle weights. Wool steady, with sales 25,000 pounds at 45@53c for domestic fleece, 35@37c for unwashed, 40@46c for pulled, and 56½@58c for scrubbed. Pork steady and more active, with sales 1,600 bbls at $32,25@32,87 for new mess; closing at $32,75; regular at $32@32,25; old do. at $27@28; prime at $28,50, and $29,50 for prime mess. Beef quiet, with sales 140 bbls at $8@16 for new plain mess, and $12@18 for new extra mess. Tierce Beef nominal at $20@25 for prime mess, and $25@30 for India mess. Beef Hams steady, with sales 150 bbls at $25@31. Cut Meats quiet and firm, with sales 130 packages at 13¾@14c for shoulders, and 18@19c for hams. Middles quiet and steady, with sales of 50 boxes ice cured at 16½c. Lard quiet, with sales of 470 tierces at 17@19¼c for steam and 19½@19¾c for kettle rendered: also 250 tierces steam buyer July at 19¾c. Butter quiet at 16@28c for Ohio and 16@36c for State. Cheese quiet at 11@15c. Sheeting copper steady at 32c. Ingot copper dull and drooping at 22@22½c for Lake Superior. Pig iron rather more active at easier prices: sales at $37,50@42,00 for Scotch and $38@42 for American. Bar quiet at $85@90 for Refined English and American. Sheet dull at 10¾@12¾c gold for Russian. Nails without decided change at $4,70@4,75 for cut, $6,20@6,25 for clinch and 26@30c for horse shoe. Freights to Liverpool heavy, with shipments of 50,000 bush wheat at 7d per sail and 8d per steam, 1,000 bbls flour per steamer at 2s 6d. Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 42½@43¼c.

Latest—Flour closed active and 5@10c better for shipping grades. Wheat firmer, with good inquiry at $1,56 for No. 1 spring. Rye active and firm at $1,30 for prime western. Oats dull at 85@85½c for western afloat, and 72@80c for new crop Jersey to arrive and on the spot. Corn firm at 85c@$1,05 for unsound, and $1,07@1,10 for sound new mixed western. Pork quiet and steady, with sales 325 bbls at $32,75@32,85 for mess. Beef steady, with a moderate demand. Cut Meats firm and fairly active. Bacon dull and nominally unchanged. Lard quiet at 19¾c for fair to prime steam. Eggs dull at 23@24c.

CHICAGO, July 24.—Eastern Exchange is firmer, at 1-10 per cent. premium selling. Flour slow and quiet at $4,75@5,50 for spring extras. Wheat firmer and 1 @1½c higher, with sales of No. 1 at $1,38 @1,38½, closing unchanged; sales of No. 2 at $1,36@1,37, closing at $1,36½. This afternoon No. 2 was firm at $1,36, seller for July, and $1,35½ was bid, seller for August. Corn firm, and No. 1 is entirely nominal, with sales of No. 2 at 87@92c for regular and fresh receipts, closing at 90@90¼c for fresh, and 87c for old receipts; rejected at 82@82½c, and no grade at 81c. This afternoon No. 2 was quiet and firm, with sales at 90½@91c, seller August, and nominally 93c. seller last half. Oats firmer and ¼c. higher, with sales No. 2 at 69½@69¾c., and rejected at 66@66½c., closing at 69¼@69¾c. for No. 2; sales No. 2 at 59@59¾c. seller August. Rye quiet at $1,12 for No. 1, and $1,06@1,07 for No. 2. Barley dull and nominal at $1,25 seller August. Highwines firm and 2c. higher, with sales at $1@1,02, closing at outside. Sugar active at 13¼@14¾c. for common to prime Cuba. Mess Pork active, 25@50c. higher; sales at $33 @33,50. closing at the outside figure. Lard 18½@18¾c. Dry salted shoulders 13¼@13½c. Sweet pickled hams 16½@ 17c. Rough sides 16c. Short rib middles 16¼c. Freights steady: 3c. for oats and 4c. for corn to Buffalo. Receipts for the past twenty-four hours: 3,217 bbls. flour, 26,953 bushels wheat 36,848 bushels corn, 16,368 bushels oats, 740 bushels rye, 4,025 hogs. Shipments: 3,393 bbls. flour, 37,534 bushels wheat, 111,106 bushels corn, 1,954 bushels oats, 321 bushels rye, 6,316 hogs.

ST. LOUIS, July 24.—Tobacco steady and firm. Cotton nominally lower, 32@ 32½c. Hemp firm, with sales of low grades of undressed at $1,18@1,25. Flour —low grades in demand and some inquiry for choice and fancy for the east; spring super sold at $5,12½@5,25; spring and fall extra $5,40@5,80, XX $6,37½@ 6,50, XXX $6,75@7,50, fancy $8@9. Wheat in fair demand and prices were maintained; a small lot of No. 2 spring in sacks sold at $1,18, prime to choice red fall $1,35@1,45, choice white $1,50. Corn firm and higher at $1,05 for prime yellow, $1,06@1,10 for prime to choice white, $1,11½@1,12 for fancy do. Oats: holders firm and buyears standing off, with only small sales to feeders; new in bulk sold at 50c; old mixed, 68@70c; choice and fancy white, 74@75c. Rye firm at $1,25. Whisky firm at $1,05. Provisions very strong and advancing: pork $33,50@34, the latter for extra heavy; dry salt meat held firmly without sales: bacon higher, sales at 14¾c, for shoulders 18@19c for clear sides; clear rib sid s held at18½c. with small jobbing sales at 18¾@ 19c. for choice tierce. Groceries quiet and unchanged. Cattle in fair demand, but common grades lower, prices range from 3@6¾c. Hogs, small supply, but firm at 8@9¾c. Receipts—Flour—1,700 bbls.; wheat—17,300 bush.; corn—5,100 bush.; oats—2,300 bush; hogs—100 head.

BUFFALO, July 24.—Receipts—26,000 bush wheat, 1,600 bbls flour. Shipments —38,000 bush wheat. Freights—12¾@13c on wheat, 11c on corn, and 7½c on oats to New York. Flour advanced 25c on spring, with sales 100 bbls western bakers' at $7,50; 40 bbls western spring at $6,15@6,50. Wheat in fair demand, principally speculative; closing quiet and unsettled, with sales 15,000 bush No. 2 Milwaukee at $1,45, to arrive; 15,000 bush do. at $1,45¼ to arrive; 8,000 bush Chicago No. 3 at $1,34; 44,500 bush No. 2 Chicago at $1,42@1,42½@1,43, and 18,000 bush No. 2 Milwaukee at $1,44. Corn quiet; sound scarce, with sales 8,000 bush western at 99c; 24,000 bush No. 2 western at $1, and 24,000 bush No. 1 western at $1,05; closing firm. Oats steady and quiet at 78c. Rye nominal at $1,20. Barley—none in market. Peas scarce; nominally $1,30@1,35. Pork steady at $33,50. Lard steady at 19c. Highwines scarce; $1,03 bid for 100 barrels.

CINCINNATI, July 24.—Flour firmer; family $6@6,25. Wheat active for new and the prices are higher; red $1,25@1,30; white $1,40@1,50, the latter rate for choice, and the supply has not been near equal to the demand. Corn scarce and prices higher; ear wanted at 80c. Oats firm at 73@76c, the latter rate for white. Rye firm at 90@95c. Nothing doing in Cotton here. Tobacco firm. Whisky firm at $1; holders asked $1,03 at the close. Provisions firm, with decidedly a stronger feeling. Mess pork $33@33,25. Bulk meats 13@13¼c. for shoulders, and 15¾@16c. for sides. Bacon 14½@14¾c. for shoulders; 18@18¼c. for clear rib sides, and 18½@18¾c. for clear, the outside rates generally asked; sugar cured hams 22@23c. Butter firm for that in prime order at 24@28c. Eggs 14c. and dull. No change in oil. Groceries firm and in good demand. Gold 136 buying. Exchange dull at par buying.

OSWEGO, July 24.—Flour in good demand and market better, with sales of 2,000 bbls at $7 for No. 1 spring, $7,50 for amber winter, $8,25 for white and $9 for double extra. Wheat firm and quiet: No. 1 Milwaukee Club held $1,55 and amber Michigan $1,57. Corn very scarce and higher; No. 1 held $1,07. Corn meal $2,20 per cwt. Mill feed firm: shorts $21, shipstuffs $25, and middlings $28 per ton. Canal freights: wheat 8¾, and corn 7¾c to New York. Railroad freights: flour to Boston 68c, to New York 58c, and to Albany 50c. Lake imports, 242,000 bush wheat. Canal exports, 7,500 bush wheat, 40,000 bush corn.

CLEVELAND, July 24.—Flour; city made at $9 for treble extra white; $7,75@8 for double extra amber; $6,75@7 for double extra red winter; $6 for extra red winter; $6,50 for double extra spring; country made at $7,50@8,25 for double extra white; $6,25@7,25 for double extra red and ambea; $6,25@6,75 for double extra spring. Wheat—sales 2,000 bu. No. 1 red winter, seller August, at $1,35; 1 car do. spot at $1,43. Corn held at 98c@$1. Oats held at 80c. Rye firm and held at $1,10 @1,15. Petroleum stronger; refined held at 28@29c.; crude better and held at $6,60.

NEW ORLEANS, July 24.—Cotton dull and nominal, middlings 32½c.; sales 78 bales. Gold 136½. Exchange sterling 150½; New York sight ¼ premium. Flour firm superfine $6; doule extra $6,50 @6,75. Corn $1,25 and looking upward. Oats 77c. Hay, prime $29. Pork $34,75. Bacon retailing at 15, 18¾@19¼c. Lard, tierce 20¼@21c.; keg, 21½@22½c. Sugar, common 10@11; prime 13¾c. Molasses, choice fermenting 63@64c. Whisky $1,15. Coffee dull, fair 15½c.; prime 16¾@17c.

MILWAUKEE, July 24.—Flour firmer with sales of choice Iowa and Minnesota at $6@6,75. Wheat is unsettled at $1,42 for No. 1, and $1,38½ for No. 2. Oats nominal. Corn scarce and firm at 90c for No. 2. Rye and Barley are nominal. Grain freights are quiet, steady and unchanged. Receipts—1,000 barrels flour, 28,000 bushels wheat, and 1,000 bushels oats. Shipments—3,000 barrels flour, 8,700 bushels wheat, and 1,000 bushels oats.

BALTIMORE, July 24.—Flour firm and scarce; low and medium grades are wanted: prices are unchanged. Wheat dull and weak; prime to choice red sold at $1,45@1,65. Corn dull; prime white sold at $1,10; yellow $1,05@1,08. Oats dull; new 65@75c. Mess Pork $35. Bacon active and advancing: rib sides 18¾c.; clear rid 19c.; shoulders 15½@15¾c; hams 24c. Lard firm at 19½@20c. Whisky: stock scarce and in demand at $1,10.

TOLEDO, July 24.—Flour is steady. Wheat about 2c better and fairly active; amber $1,51@1,52; No. 2 red $1,42@1,42½; white Michigan regular at $1,46 for No. 2; old red $1,38 with active speculative demand. Corn a shade lower; No. 1 87c: No. 2 84c; rejected 80. Oats quiet and firm, held at 76c. Receipts—flour 1,000 bbls, wheat 5,400, corn 12,000 bush. Shipments—flour 200 bbls, wheat 1,800, corn 4,500, oats 700 bush.

LOUISVILLE, July 24.—Heavy Bagging has advanced to 23c. Flour quiet and in good demand; superfine $4,25. Grain quiet and firm; Wheat: red $1,15; white $1,25. Corn in bulk 85c. Oats in bulk 72c. Rye $1@1,10. Leaf Tobacco firmer: sales 104 hhds tobacco, 5 plat, $5,75. Provisions in good demand; mess pork $33. Bacon: clear sides 19¼c.; clear rib 18¾c.; shoulders 15c.; fancy sugar cured hams 12¾c. Lard 19¾c. Whisky firm.

PHILADELPHIA, July 24.—Flour dull. Wheat is in light demand, with quotations barely maintained; sales of red at $1,50@1,55. Corn is active and higher: sales of yellow at $1,17@1,18, mixed western at $1,14@1,16. Oats dull and lower, with western at 76@78c. Provisions unchanged. Petroleum less strong; sales of crude at 22c, refined at 31½@ 31¾c. Whisky unchanged.

MEMPHIS, July 24.—Cotton inactive, 31c. asked for low middling; receipts, 63 bales; exports, 66 bales. Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat, new $1,25. Corn firm, 95c. Oats 82@85c. Hay, none in market, nominal at $27. Bran $21. Corn meal $4,25@4,75. Pork $34,50. Lard 20 @21½c. Bacon advanced; shoulders 15¼ @15½c.; sides 19¼@19½c.

CHICAGO, July 14.—Cattle steady and fairly active at $3,50@4,37½ for common cows and Texan steers; $5,40@6,25 for light; $6,40@6,75 for medium to good; $7 @7,50 for good to choice and $7,70 for extra choice steers. Hogs active and a shade firmer at $8,50@8,80 for for light, $8,90@9,10 for fair to medium and $9,12½ @9,25 for good to choice.

DETROIT, July 24.—Flour; stock light and market strong on all grades. Wheat firm: extra white $1,82; No. 1 sold at $1,70, and No. 2 at $1,44; amber held at $1,44 for No. 1.

NASHVILLE, July 54.—Cotton quiet for low middlings; 31c for good ordinary. Wheat firm; red at $1,10@1,15; amber at $1,20@1,25; white at $1,25@1,30. Flour at $7@7,50.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, July 24.—The inquiry is quite limited, as usual on Saturday, but we are now so near the opening of the active season that there is no disposition to force sales unless at full prices. All standard Brown Sheetings of the best makes are firm at 17c.: Amoskeag do., 16½c.: Atlantic, 14½c: do. Shirtings, 13@13½c.; Lawrence D. do., 15@15½; agents' price 16¼c. less five per cent. Auburn Bleached Muslins, 17¼c.; Masonville, 1; D Lonsdale, 19c.; Gold Medal, 15½c.; Forest, 25c.; Lyman, 25c. American new styles Prints, 13c.; Pacifics, 15¼c.; Dunnels, 13½c.; Cocheco, 14c. Amoskeag Corset Jeans, 15c.; Naumkeag Satteen, 17½@18c.; Shark Grain Bags, 47½c., and White Rock Linseeds, 22½c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, July 24.—1 car lumber, Hamilton, A A & Co; 4 cars stone, J L L Knox; 50 bbls oil, J Spear & Co; 18 bbls copper ore, Pitts & Boston M Co; 13 csks scrap iron, J Moorhead; 799 billets iron, Nimick & Co; 125 bbls flour, Schomaker & L; 10 bbls lager, beer, J Kessler; 2 bbls dry apples, Morrison & D; 20 bxs starch, Atwell & Lee; 10 bxs cheese, J Daub; 11 sks rye, 1 bbl eggs, Smith, Johnston & Co; 15 bxs cheese, 6 bbls apples, Bruggerman & O'B; 1 car corn, J W Simpson; 2,000 ft lumber, Graham & Lyons; 1 car pig iron, Lewis & Co; 6 bbls apples, W H Graff & Co; 33 do do, 1 bbl potatoes, 2 kgs butter, 2 bbls eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 13 bbls apples, Van Gorder & S; 12 bbls potatoes, P Duff & Son; 8 do apples, H Rea Jr; 3 do do, Head & Metzgar; 2 tubs cheese, J A Graff.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, July 22.—3 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 1 do do, Loomis & Collard: 1 do do, Brown & Co; 2 do do, Hallman & Hamnett; 3 do do, J Moorhead; 100 bbls flour, T C Jenkins & Bro; 100 do do, S Lindsay Jr & Co; 100 hides, J Hamnett & Son; 17 bales broom corn, W Mardrof: 121 hides, M Delange; 3 cars wheat, Liggett & Co; 48 bbls pearls Excelsior Glass Co; 216 sks rye, W J Meek; 40 bxs cheese, 3 pkgs eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 1 bbl eggs, Means & Coffin; 30 reams paper, Godfrey & Clark; 1 box tobacco, Little & Baird; 298 bgs oats, McHenry & Hood; 12 do do, H Rea, Jr; 6 bxs bacon, G Mitchell; 2 hhds tobacco; A Schaub; 10 tcs hams, J H Parker; 30 cases cement, J Dunlap.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, July 24.—1 car staves, Wm Hastings; 38 bdls teeth, Hussey & Wells; 2 bxs mdse, J S Patterson; 2 do drugs, B L Fahnestock; 100 bbls flour, Dan Wallace; 7 do eggs, W H Graff; 6 bgs coffee, Strickler, M & Co; 20 sks meal, Day & Co; 1 lot lumber, R R Maginnis; 11 sks flour, J Schlein; 1 bbl bacon, Fred Schields 1 do do, Meanor & Harper; 10 do flour, J B Campbell, 1 car staves, Painter & Son.

ALLEGHENY STATION, July 24.—1 car metal, John Nanz; 1 do cooperage, J M Hemphill; 1 do do, Raiya & Robertson; 187 bgs oats, M Steel & Son; 1 car metal, Rogers & Burchfield; 5 bbls eggs, J Kohen; 2 cars stone, Forrester & Megraw; 7 cars limestone, Superior Iron Co; 1 car wheat, Kennedy Bro; 1 do lumber, J B Ingham; 1 brl eggs, 3 half bbls butter, J N Simeon; 5 bxs farina, Moon Bro.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, July 24.—2 cars stone, Anderson & Co, 1 do do, Harrison & Co; 2 bbls eggs, 11 bgs rye, H Rea Jr; 145 sks oats, 4 do corn, Scott & Gisal; 1 bbl crackers, W M Gormly; 49 bgs rags, Frazier & Metzgar; 8 cars limestone Shoenberger & Blair; 2 cars metal, John Moorhead; 2 do do, H Woodsides; 1040 bbls oil, J Wilkins; 240 do do, Pool Bro; 38 do do, W Wilson & Co.

RIVER NEWS.

The river was about stationary yesterday, with five feet two inches in the channel. Weather cloudy and warm, with slight indications of more rain.

There have been no arrivals or departures aside from the regular packets. The Kate Putnam would have left for St. Louis, had it not been for the scarcity of freight.

—The Bell arrived and departed as usual on Saturday.

—The Leonidas, New Orleans to Pittsburgh, was at Louisville on Friday.

—Jack Chambers has located permanently at the Hot Springs, and is now practicing medicine.

—The nail works at Wheeling have all stopped work, and freight from there, in consequence, is scarce.

—Geo. Lewis, formerly of Louisville, has taken an interest in the Evansville wharf boat of Humphry, P. & Co.

—Capt Barney Bagley, a well known river pilot, was arrested at St. Louis on Monday, for passing counterfeit money.

—A letter from Cairo states that about the only thing saved from the wreck of the Louisiana, recently burned, was the bell.

—Mr. Patrick has sold his interest in the wharfboat at Evansville to George J. Lewis, and joined the Star Union fast freight line.

—The R. C. Gray, Capt. Whittaker, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville forthwith. She will receipt freight through to New Orleans.

—The Mendota bar, which heretofore has been "high and dry" at this season, has partially washed into the channel, and the sloughing below Fort Snelling is filling up the course.

—Donald McIntosh, a first-class carpenter and builder of Dubuque, Iowa, met with an accident the other day, and was killed. He was born in Inverness, Scotland, and was 42 years of age.

—Captain H. H. Symmes telegraphs from Sioux City, 21st, to John N. Bofinger, "Missouri is rising; War Eagle is back from Fort Stephenson, and Submarine is back from Milk river. Both left to-day for St. Louis."

—Capt. James Hamilton has temporaraly assumed command of the Kate Putnam in place of Capt. Reed, who is on the sick list. The Putnam will positively depart for St. Louis to-day, and passengers and shippers should bear this in mind.

—Advices from Fort Benton report the river lower at that point than ever before known at this time of the year, and business very dull. Many of the mountain fleet will not be able to reach Benton at all, but will be compelled to transfer their freight to lighter crafts, and return. At last accounts the Andrew Acley was engaged in the "lighting up" business.

—Advices from the extreme upper Missouri say there is but one foot of water on Dauphin's rapids, and that several boats will be unable to reach Fort Benton. Two or three of them have notified owners of merchandise to send for their goods overland. Unless there is a rise in the river, it is thought some of the boats will be obliged to winter in the upper river.

—Fort Benton advices to the 21st say The Nick Wall has arrived at Cow Island, unable to come farther up. Passengers are going to and from that point on mackinaws. The steamer Columbia is at Cow Island, with all her freight on board, and has notified the consignees to come for it, as she will stay there until the river rises or spring. The steamer Stockdale is at Cow Island. Her freight is contracted to go overland, and she leaves in a few days for below. The Tempest and Nick Wall discharged part of their freight at Cow Island, and have gone below for the balance. The Flirt has gone to Music Shell, and leaves for Sioux City, August 5th.

RIVER PACKETS.

CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.

FOR CINCINNATI and LOUISVILLE.—The fine passenger steamer

R. C. GRAY.....Capt. WHITTAKER,

Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THIS DAY, 26th inst., giving through receipts for Memphis and New Orleans.

For freight or passage apply on board or to JOHN FLACK, or J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents. jy23

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR CAIRO, ST. LOUIS, DUBUQUE and ST. PAUL—The steamer

KATE PUTNAM.....Capt. G. W. REED.

Will leave as above THIS DAY, the 26th inst. at 4 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to jy22 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Commercial Wharf boat, foot of Wood Street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS,

GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.

Freight will be received at all hours by JAMES COLLINS, FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, ap13 Agents.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE, W. D. of Pennsylvania, PITTSBURGH, July 20, 1869.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1869, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of SOLOMON C. HESS, of Allegheny City, in the County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt or to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a Meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts and to choose one or more assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny City, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register, on the SIXTH DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.

A. McMURDOCH, jy22-d-4t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NO. 133 THIRD AVENUE FOR SALE.—A large three story Brick Dwelling House of Hall, eleven rooms and store Room, cellar gas and water fixtures, near the corner of Smithfield street. Lot 20 feet front by 85 deep. Possession will be given at one months' notice if desired. For further information apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS, jy22 39 Sixth avenue.

CHEESE.—50 boxes Factory Cheese; 25 boxes Goshen do., for sale by J. R. CANFIELD

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1869.

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From May 9th, 1869, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

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MONDAY, JULY 26, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JOHN W. GEARY.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK,
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.
STATE SENATE,
THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
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REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, Ephemeris, Miscellaneous. Third and Sixth pages: Financial, Mercantile and River News, Markets, Imports. Seventh page: Agricultural Report for June, General and Miscellaneous Clippings.*

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 50½f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 87⅞.

GOLD closed in New York on Saturday at 136¼@136⅜.

THE NEW FRENCH CABLE has been safely landed and will go into regular use to-day.

THE Republican State Central Committee holds its first meeting at Philadelphia on Wednesday next.

A SEARCH for coal deposits is now in progress in the Conneaut Valley around Dickonburg, Pa., by parties from the Shenango region, who have taken large leases of the territory.

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-ONE, being a majority, of the delegates to the late Democratic City Convention at Philadelphia publish a card in the *Age* of the 24th, protesting against its proceedings, and demanding an immediate re-assemblage of the Convention. In the same journal appears the card of JOS. N. PIERSOL, backed by a half column of affidavits from individual delegates to the same Convention, which, says Mr. P., is "but a few of the many at his command, showing the scandalous manner in which the Convention was managed, with its unblushing frauds and violations of the rules." The *Age* prints these damaging statements in its advertising columns, without a word of editorial comment. The specific facts proved by the protestants, reveal the grossest and most impudent trickery and violence—quite enough to condemn the Philadelphia Democracy beyond any possible defense. The Packer folks have got a very sick man on their hands in that part of the Commonwealth, without a hope for saving the patient, except by the most liberal drafts upon the Nabob's coffers. What a nice set of people they are, to prate about the corruption of the "Radicals."

THE COOLIE immigration business has of late assumed vast proportions, and it has hardly occurred to the thinking public that the various gigantic schemes for the introduction of celestials into the labor markets of the country is "but a new modification of the slave trade." As such it is termed by the Secretary of the Treasury, and, when we consider the circumstances attending the wholesale importation of the Chinese to our shores, we incline to the opinion that he is right. The business of bringing laborers to the country to supply plantations and to build railroads and operate mines, largely pays the contractors, but how these people are gathered together in their native land and persuaded to leave their homes and kinsfolks, for the uncertainties of an unknown country to them, has never been developed, nor have the conditions on which they enter the compact to emigrate, if any compact be made, ever transpired. They are brought here like cattle, disposed of by those instrumental in bringing them out, and must necessarily remain a long while ignorant of the government and its laws under which they may unconsciously be leading the lives of slaves. The subject is worthy attention and investigation, and we are glad it has found notice at Washington. It would be particularly humiliating to every patriotic American to discover that slavery has again been revived in the country in a form hardly less degrading than that which nearly ruined our country to forever abolish.

THE POSITION OF GEN. CANBY, touching the qualification of members elect to the Virginia Legislature, is sustained as strictly a sound one by the most eminent lawyers of that State, and undoubtedly also by Attorney General HOAR. It is intimated that the Conservative members will absent themselves, if such a step is found requisite to counteract a Radical majority, when a quorum of the Legislature assembles.

An influential Eastern journal "fails to see the wisdom of General CANBY's decision." It adds: "We cannot see the necessity of imposing exactions in this case that were not thought needful for Louisiana." There can be no question either of the wisdom or of the necessity thus impeached, when we remember that the General has no discretion whatever in the premises; he simply obeys the positive requirements of the law of July 11, 1868, which, in view of the Louisiana experience, provides additional safeguards to insure a loyal Legislature for Virginia. Clothed with no discretion by that statute, Gen. CANBY's true wisdom has been exhibited in the faithful execution of its letter and spirit—a duty from which he has not been deterred by the remarkable criticisms of the New York Republican press and in which we rely upon his being sustained by the cordial support of the Federal Administration. If this course shall "drive loyal Virginians into opposition," it will be a proof that their loyalty is like the old qualification of color, but skin deep. For our own part, we frankly deny the wisdom of any journalist who recommends to any officer the evasion or the disregard of a solitary letter of those laws which it is his sworn duty to execute.

PRISON REFORM.

One of the most difficult problems in social science, which the philanthropist and moral reformer have attempted to solve, is the treatment of crime and criminals, so as to prevent the one and restrain the other. In ancient times, and up even to a comparatively recent period, criminals were incarcerated merely as a punishment for their crimes, without any regard whatever to the reformation of their lives and character. Even in this advanced age in the world's history there are many good meaning people, who believe that this should be the only object in the imprisonment of offenders against criminal statutes. There are not a few who look upon the inmates of county and State prisons as utterly irreclaimable to virtue, honesty and integrity, and deem every effort made for their reformation as absolutely hopeless. If they are correct in their judgment, then the sooner all institutions of moral and religious reform are abandoned, the better. It is a useless waste of time, money and labor to keep their complicated machinery in operation. The pulpits of the land should be vacated at once, and missionaries recalled from the scenes of their self-sacrificing labors.

It is admitted on all hands that it is difficult to reform old and confirmed delinquents—men who have grown gray in crime. But it is a rare thing to find a man so utterly debased that no impression for good can be made upon him. Many, it is true, die as they live—in a state of absolute debasement; but it may be inquired, Have the necessary means been employed to reclaim and reform them? We know that in all cases they have not. Why then should society complain, when no effort has been made to improve their character, and reform their lives, if culprits return to it from the cells of a jail or penitentiary, "twofold" or tenfold "more the children of hell" than they were before.

We are indebted to Rev. E. C. WINES, D. D., Corresponding Secretary of the Prison Association of New York, for the twenty-fourth Annual Report of the Executive Committee of that Institution, with accompanying documents, for 1868, in which the whole subject of prison discipline and reform is discussed with marked ability. The document consists of six hundred and seventy-two pages, and contains the most exhaustive discussion of the subject we have met with. Although not so old as "The Philadelphia Society for alleviating the miseries of public prisons," which was instituted in 1787, and has done much to awaken public attention to the amelioration of the condition of criminals, the New York Association has accomplished a great work, and through its noble, humane and persevering labor has won the admiration of philanthropists and the friends of prison reform both in Europe and America. The report which is now before us, and which, notwithstanding its voluminousness, we have read throughout, we earnestly commend to the studious attention of all who take an interest in the improvement both by the moral and physical condition of unfortunate convicts. The accompanying documents, furnished by the Corresponding Secretary and distinguished penologists in insular and continental Europe, contain many hints and suggest many reforms which are worthy the most serious attention.

It would be impossible, in an article like this, to present, even in the most condensed form, all the matters discussed or referred to in the report. The best that we can do is to call the attention of our readers, in a general way, to a few of the subjects, with the view of inducing them to give them that careful and profound consideration which their importance demands.

The leading objects of the Society are. The amelioration of the condition of prisoners, whether held in custody for trial, as witnesses, or convicts; and the improvement of prison discipline and the government of prisons, which it holds, and we are far from denying, are as much in need of reform as the inmates themselves. Indeed, it will be a useless work to reform prisoners until most of our prisons and reformatories undergo a thorough and radical change. As at present organized and administered, most of them are nothing better than high schools of crime.

It might be interesting if we were to trace the history of prisons from the days of Joseph and Jeremiah down through the penal annals of Greece and Rome; or recount the labors and services of HOWARD, BECCARIA BENTHAM, MILL, and others. But our limits prevent us from entering upon a field so extensive, however interesting its survey might be.

We are not certainly of the opinion that jails and penitentiaries, or even houses of reform, should be made *luxurious homes*. We do not think they should be furnished as superbly, or appointed as completely as the parlor or drawing-room of a law abiding millionaire. They should not, by any means, be surrounded with all the comforts of a peaceful and virtuous home. If they were, a premium would thereby be offered to crime, and our prisons would beceme an incentive rather than a preventive to the commission of flagitious deeds. The prisoner should be made to feel, from the surroundings of his confinement, that he is being punished and not rewarded for his crimes. Still, a due regard should be had to the sanitary condition of the prison house, so that, as the true idea of imprisonment is reformation and not destruction, he may be restored to society and the industrial pursuits of life, with his physical energies unimpaired.

Until within a comparatively recent period, greater sympathy has been shown to the *physical* than the *moral* condition of convicts. When JOHN HOWARD visited Rome he found the following inscription in one of the apartments of a prison there: "It is of little use to restrain the bad by punishment, unless you reform them by discipline." That sentence, said the great and immortal philanthropist, who let in the pure and health giving light of heaven into many a dank and dingy cell, and ornamented their walls with the cheerful colors of moral cleanliness, contains "the grand purpose of all civil policy." It is all to no purpose to improve the sanitary condition of the prison whilst the character of its inmates is unchanged. They remain criminals still, and contaminate all with whom they come in contact. Many a young man, who in his youthful indiscretion yielded unthinkingly to temptation, and found a hard bed in a prison house in consequence, has returned to society a confirmed criminal, although only a novice in crime when he first entered. Indoctrinated in vice through the evil teachings of his guilty companions in confinement, and deprived of the restraining influences of morality, his very soul became inlaid with a lust for crime, and he is thrown back upon society a fiend incarnate. Reformation of the criminal, then, should be the prime object of every one into whose custody he is committed.

One of the greatest barriers in the way of reforming criminals is the facility with which pardons are obtained. "Executive clemency," in these days, is a prolific source of evil. "The probability of it is often discussed on the way to the prison; it is the theme of nine-tenths of the letters written, and of the personal interviews of friends; and it preys upon them night and day." The hope indulged in by the criminal, or inspired by anxious friends of the interposition of executive clemency, prevents him from availing himself of the means of reformation. So long as the faintest hope of a pardon remains, the healthy influences of a reforming morality are despised. The executives of the different States, as well as the United States, have greatly obstructed the reformation of criminals by the liberality with which they have dispensed pardons.

Another fruitful source of crime is ignorance. Returns from several State prisons show that the largest proportion of crime is committed by the ignorant, or "*totally illiterate.*" From these it appears that twenty-five per cent., on an average, of those who were imprisoned could not read at the time of their committal, and the proportion in common jails exceeds even that. To prevent crime, let a sound and healthy literature be diffused among the masses; to reform the criminal, let him be instructed intellectually, morally and religiously. With this view, a system of secular and Sabbath School instruction has been introduced into several prison houses, and the results have proved most beneficial.

The great hope of the country is the young. But the statistics of juvenile depravity must fill the mind of every true patriot with alarm. It is estimated that in the year 1867, the number of convicts in the different State prisons in the United States amounted to 15,346; of these about one-fourth, or 3,682, had not attained their majority at the date of their committal. In some places the proportion was nearly one-half, and in others about one-third. These statistics are appalling. But still there is hope. Since the opening of the different juvenile reformatories of the country, it is ascertained that 40,000, or about three-fourths of the whole number committed, have been "permanently reformed, and are now leading upright and respectable lives."

From all the facts before us, we are led to the conclusion that the "Irish," or "Crofton" system of prison discipline, which, "while it throws no false guise over crime, has no expression of revenge," is one of the best, if not the best, for the reformation of criminals that has yet been devised.

Commutation laws, wherever they have been carried out, have been productive of satisfactory results. It is to be wished that the commutation law passed in our State in 1861, but pronounced unconstitutional on some legal technicality, might soon be re-enacted in such form as to obviate all objections.

There are some chapters in the report, relating to the bribery and corruption resorted to to procure positions in prisons in the State of New York, that are of the most melancholy interest, and the more so, because the state of things which they reveal is not peculiar, we are well assured, to that State, to which we would like to refer. We would like also to present a few thoughts in relation to "convict labor," which is now being agitated quite extensively in New York. But these, with other matters which have a most important bearing on prison discipline and reform, we must pass over, at least for the present, as we have already exceeded our limits. But we cannot conclude without expressing the hope that the most able report before us shall have an extensive circulation, and meet with that careful consideration which the importance of the subject, which it discusses with such clearness and at such great length, demands.

THE MILK IN THE COCOA-NUT.

Under the Constitution, as amended by the XVth Article, Maryland, Kentucky and probably Delaware will not continue quite as Democratic as they have been. The Maryland Republicans are already preparing for co-operation with the colored element, which they will secure in ample force to carry the State, ensuring not only a healthier Federal position, but applying the true remedy to the inequalities which at present disfigure the local distribution of State authority. In Kentucky, the opposition, wiser in their perception of the situation than are their friends in Pennsylvania, are already discussing the expediency of conciliating and if possible securing the colored vote. The Louisville *Journal*, always partisan but often shrewd, assures the people of that State that negro suffrage is to be a fixed fact, and admonishes them to make the preparations which shall turn the new situation to Democratic account. There is vastly more of practical good sense in this, than was exhibited in the late Democratic fulmination from Harrisburg, by which our stiff-necked Bourbons reiterated their implacable hostility to a class of citizens who, in October, 1870, will cast more than eight thousand votes in our Commonwealth.

Upon this point, a few data may not be without interest to the reader. There are about four and a half millions of colored people within those States. Of these, three and one-half millions dwell in States where their vote is already legalized, leaving less than one million yet to be enfranchised, of whom 550,447 are in the four States of Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland and Missouri, and only 250,000 in the remaining thirteen States, calling themselves always free, of which Pennsylvania, as one, has about 57,000. Estimating one vote for each seven persons, this computation will leave about 8,000 votes in this State, about 35,000 votes in all the thirteen States last referred to, and about 80,000 votes in the four formerly slave-holding border States.

Of the entire colored vote, 631,000 of the thirty-seven States under the XVth Article, over 500,000 are voters already, and only about 125,000 are to be elevated thereby in political rights. Five-sixths of the race is thus enfranchised now, and it is to exclude the other one-sixth part, and to prevent the 8,000 colored men of Pennsylvania from voting the Republican ticket that our Harrisburg fanatics still keep up their unprofitable clamor. The truth is that the opposition party had all the brains beaten out of it by the disastrous issue of its four years' armed rebellion; its physique survives, but mentally it is no longer anything but idiotic. Continuing thus to cry "nig-nig-nig-nigger," they remind one of the lunatic who fancies himself a clock and stands in a corner all day, swinging his arm like a pedulum and audibly ticking at each stroke. Perhaps they would be cured of their delusion, if they could invent some way for the colored man to vote on forged naturalization papers, or otherwise to make himself useful in elucidating Democratic ideas of a pure suffrage.

—A dispatch from Omaha says James W. Davis and associate sub-contractors have brought suit in the State District Court against Oliver Ames and others, contractors of the U. P. R. R., for six hundred and four thousand dollars, the amount claimed due for work performed, money expended and breach of contract of defendants. It is alleged that the claimants are already overpaid by fifty-seven thousand dollars on the amount of work performed and material furnished.

SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.

EDITORS GAZETTE: I beg leave to submit for the consideration of the Soldiers' Monumental Association the following suggestions, viz.:

First—The Association shall announce through the city Press that they will up to a certain date receive nominations from localities and parties of *sites* for the Monument, together with any donation, the Society or party may desire to make to the Monumental fund, the payment of the donation to be secured as the Association shall direct in case the site is selected as hereinafter provided.

Second—The Association shall, after the time fixed for closing the nominations, give notice through the City Press of the sites nominated and donations offered.

Third—The Associaton shall then give notice that an election for the location of Monument will be held at the City Hall, in the City of Pittsburgh, commencing and closing at certain times, and votes, at which election all persons, men, women and children interested in the location of said Monument shall be entitled to cast in printed ballot designating one of the sites named upon payment of the sum of twenty-five cents.

Fourth—The location receiving a plurality of votes shall be the site selected.

PITTSBURGH.

Washington Items.

It is understood that Secretary Cox has been tendered the new Judgeship in Ohio, but it is believed he will decline the honor. Many of his friends urge him to accept.

Ex-Secretary Stanton has been advised by his physician to leave Washington and spend some weeks upon the Rocky Mountains. Mr. S. expects to leave early in August, if able to travel, and go to Laramie Station, on the Union Pacific Railroad.

The intended departure from this city of Secretary Boutwell, in a few days, for an absence of some weeks, is construed by politicians as an evidence that no effort will be made in Cabinet, where he is the leading spirit of the working Radicals, to enforce a new election in Virginia in certain districts where the successful candidates are unable to take the iron-clad oath.

A delegation of Radical Republicans from Mississippi are here urging the Administration to aid them in the approaching canvass. They state that the Conservative papers throughout the whole State are making the importation of coolie labor into the State, a political question, and are filled with threats that if the freedmen do not vote as their employers direct they will be supplanted by Chinese.

Hon. Benjamin Wade does not believe Rosecrans will accept the Democratic nomination of Ohio, and, if he does, he will be beaten by a very large majority, as Gov. Hayes is very strong with the Republicans, and will poll as large, if not a larger vote than Grant, while there are thousands of peace Democrats who will not vote for Rosecrans.

The Anthracite Nabob.

The fact that Asa Packer is a man of high personal character is not a mantle wide enough to hide the disaffection and profligacy of the Democratic leaders who nominated him for Governor.

While the Democrats of Maryland and Kentucky are preparing to show the freedmen that they have always been their friends, in order to get their votes, the Democrats of Pennsylvania are preparing to show the colored people of this State that they have always been their enemies, and intend to remain so to the end.

The Harrisburg *Telegraph* attributes the nomination of Asa Packer for Governor, to the wire pulling of "Brick" Pomeroy and the expenditure of $100,000. The sum mentioned is not extraordinary from a Democratic standpoint; but that "Brick" Pomeroy should secure the nomination of anybody is a disgrace from which anybody ought not to be expected to recover. The chap who was kicked to death by a jackass had abundant reason to be thankful that matters were not worse; but the man who is helped by "Brick" Pomeroy has no excuse for not killing himself in the most expeditious manner possible. We have some little respect for Asa Packer, but if he was nominated by "Brick" Pomeroy, and consents to live in full view of the melancholy fact, his friends will consult their own interests, and his, by shooting him on sight.

A NEW YORK DISPATCH says: Judge Pierrepont stated to-day that the United States Government has been for some time negotiating with Spain for the independence of Cuba, and that dispatches had been received from the Spanish Government giving assurance that all bloodshed in Cuba will be stopped in a few days, and indicating that the independence of that island will be conceded immediately.

A receiver will probably be appointed in the law suit between Trinity Church Corporation and the heirs of Anneke Jans. The property in dispute is almost sixty million dollars.

The basis of settlement between the litigants in the management of the Toledo and Wabash Railroad Company, which we have already announced as having been accomplished, comprises the following points: The Erie party are to withdraw all suits; the company to issue $1,000,000 new stock, to be evenly divided between the two parties to the controversy; the Alton and Toledo Road, one hundred miles in length, is to be commenced within two months and finished within eight months; the Decatur and East St. Louis Road, now being built, is to be completed and consolidated with the Toledo and Wabash Company, upon terms agreed on some time ago; the Erie party are to have three directors, out of fifteen, in the Toledo and Wabash management.

OREGON LUMBER.—The lumber resources of the State of Oregon are abundant. Dense forests of the finest fir, spruce and cedar grow from the coast range and along the banks of the Columbia river and its tributaries as far up as the Dalles. There is an inexhaustible supply of the finest and best quality of timber at the mouth of the Columbia river, and back of the town of Astoria is the most magnificent forest of spruce and yellow fir that is to be found anywhere on the Pacific coast. Nature has done everything to make the forest of timber along the Columbia river a source of great profit to the lumberman; the finest of timber being handy to shipping, and as there is fine water power on all the streams emptying into the Columbia, lumber can be manufactured very cheap. The bottom lands along the river are also covered with a thick growth of vine, maple, alder, cedar, ash and cottonwood.—*Alta Cal.*

The Instruments for the French Cable.

The Boston *Journal* says: "Through the kindness of Mr. Moses G. Farmer, the well-known electrician, at No. 25 Congress street, we have been able to see the workings of the instruments by which messages are sent through the Franco-American cable, whose arrival at Duxbury is expected very soon. The instrument is wonderful, more for its simplicity than for anything else, and is substantially the same as that now used in transmitting messages over the Atlantic cable. It was found too slow a process to use the common relay instrument used in land lines, as it required a current of too great power, and also consumed too much time, only about three or four words being sent per minute. By the present instrument about a dozen can be sent.

Without going into scientific details, the instrument is briefly this: A small tube about four inches long, like a small telescope, an inch in diameter. Midway in this tube is hung transversely, by a delicate silk fibre, a circular piece of mirror, across which is a fine magnetic needle. Around the tube is coiled the fine wire through which the magnetic current is sent—in this case a coil containing twenty thousand circles, forming a wheel, if it may be so called, of about three inches in diameter. There are two keys, and when one is touched it causes the needle to swerve to the east, and when the other is touched it causes it to turn to the west. Of course in this motion the mirror is turned with it. Now, facing the mirror, and two or three feet from it, is a box containing a bright light, with a mouth like a photographer's camera, direct toward the mirror. The light is then thrown upon the mirror, and reflected from that upon a wall upon which there is a perpendicular black mark. Upon this mark, when the instrument is not in operation, the perpendicular line of light from the mirror rests perfectly still.

When one of the keys is touched, and the magnetic needle is moved, it of course moves the mirror with it, and the reflected line of light upon the wall is moved to the right or left of the black mark. One of the keys deflects it to the right and the other to the left. The Morse alphabet is used, omitting the spaced letters, or those where two dots or two dashes come together. A movement of the light once to the right of the black mark is a dash, and the one to the left a dot. This is the whole of the machinery by which messages are sent across the Atlantic. 'Only this and nothing more.' The battery required is very small, and a thimbleful of acid and metal will work it. When one of the keys shall be touched at Duxbury, the little line of light will move within about two-tenths of a second at Brest, and the first message will have begun.

The scientific details connected with the theoretical part of the thing are numerous enough, and the field, as Mr. Farmer opened it to a number of gentlemen connected with the press of the city of New York in his office, is a broad and attractive one indeed. The instruments to be used for the French cable have been tested by Mr. Farmer, and were sent down to Duxbury last night. It requires two men to receive a message—one to watch the light in a darkened room and announce 'dot' or 'dash,' as the light is moved, to a clerk.

ONE OF THE MOST ASTOUNDING CURES EVER PUBLISHED—ATTESTED BY OVER FIFTY WITNESSES.

The remarkable cure of Miss Fisher, of Beaver county, is one worthy of more than a passing notice, especially when so many persons are suffering not only with diseases of the eyes, and partial or total blindness, but likewise with other chronic ailments which Dr. Keyser has treated with such astounding success.

The lady concerned was doomed to perpetual blindness, which through Dr. Keyser's skill was completely removed, the truth of which has been vouched for by a sufficient number of witnesses to establish the fact beyond all cavil. The subjoined letter from the young lady's brother speaks for itself:

DR. KEYSER—This is the list of names that I have to the cure of my sister, Christiana Fisher. They were all willing to put their names down, and were very much astonished to see that you brought her sight so soon. My mother sends her thanks to you; she says "you are one of the greatest men in the world." She says if we had not come across you she believes her child would not be living at this time. We all join in sending our love and respects to you.

S. P. FISHER,
North Sewickley.

We, the undersigned, know of the cure of Miss Fisher, and bear willing testimony to the fact above stated.

CHRISTIAN FISHER,
SIMO. P. FISHER, (brother.)
ANNIE BRADLEY,
Taylor avenue, Allegheny.
EUGENE MCCASKEY,
LOUISA FISHER, (her neice.)

S. H. Brown,	Philip Friday	Rachel Friday,
H. N. Tecale,	A. H. Carroll,	Wm. Jenkins,
E. W. Levendorfer,	Michael Harris,	J. A. Fleming,
	Susan Lemmax,	Eliza Hyde,
C. S. Swineburg	Eliza Levendorfer,	T. L. Young,
Wm. Allison,		A. M. Levendorfer,
J. Levendorfer,	J. F. Mitchell,	
A. Gardner,	G. Leyendorfer	J. F. Morrison,
A. M. Morrison	Robt Mahead,	C. Mahead,
Isabella Dobbs,	N. Funkhouser,	D. Fisher,
G. Fisher (br'r)	Lizzie Mahead,	Tillie Mahead,
T. M. Mahead,	Thos. Mahead,	Leon Allison,
Mary J. Brown,	Jane A. Morton	J. C. Weller,
Mary J. Weller,	N. H. Hazen,	Mary H. Morton
Wm. H. Morton	Ezra Hazen,	Jennie Wilson,
C. M. Wilson,	Mary E. Wilson	Mary Patten,
Jennie Patten,	Martha Patten,	James Patten,
Sadie E. Dobbs,	Jennie E. Dobbs	J. W. Dobbs,
I. Dobbs,	Wm. R. Pence,	C. Fisher,

Williamina Fisher, (her mother.)

Deafness, Hard Hearing, Discharges from the Ear, Polypus of the Ear, Catarrh, Ozena, Blind Eyes, Inflamed Eyes, and every species of Sore Eyes and Lids Rupture, Varicocele, Enlarged Limbs Broken Veins, Ulcerated Legs and the various diseases of the skin and hair successfully treated.

DR. KEYSER, may be consulted every day until 12 o'clock at his store, 167 Liberty street, and from 1 to 5 o'clock at his office, No. 120 Penn street.

THE WORLD GROWS WISER.

The human stomach has been a shamefully persecuted organ. There was a time when for every dereliction of duty it was punished with huge doses of the most disgusting and nauseous drugs. In vain it rejected them, and (literally) returned them upon the hands of those who administered them. They were forced upon it again and again, until its solvent power was thoroughly drenched out of it.

The world is wiser now than it was in that drastic era, when furious purgation and mercurial salivation were what Artemus Ward would have called the "main holt" of the faculty, in cases of dyspepsia and liver complaint.

The great modern remedy for indigestion and biliousness is HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, a preparation which has the merit of combining a palatable flavor with such tonic, aperient and antibilious properties, as were never heretofore united in any medicine.

It has been discovered, at last, that sick people are not like the fabled Titans, who found prostration so refreshing that, when knocked down, they rose from the earth twice as vigorous as before. When an invalid is prostrated by powerful depleting drugs, he is apt to stay prostrated; and the debilitated being, aware of the fact, prefers the *building up* to the *knocking down* system of treatment.

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS meets the requirements of the rational medical philosophy which at present prevails. It is a perfectly pure vegetable remedy, embracing the three important properties of a preventive, a tonic, and an alterative. It fortifies the body against disease, invigorates and re-vitalizes the torpid stomach and liver, and effects a most salutary change in the entire system, when in a morbid condition.

In summer, when the enfeebling temperature renders the human organization particularly susceptible to unwholesome atmospheric influences, the Bitters should be taken as a protection against epidemic disease.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, July 26, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for Grading and Paving ALMOND ALLEY, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley R.R., is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until THURSDAY, August 5th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
H. J. MOORE,
jy26.m61 City Engineer.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having this day been appointed Administrator of all and singular the goods and chattels which were of ALFRED W. DUNLAP, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, hereby gives notice to those concerned, that he is ready to proceed with the settlement of the estate of said decedent. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please call and pay the same to
FRANCIS J. HALL, Administrator,
jy6:m41-T No. 98 Fourth Avenue.

STOCKS AND GROUND RENT. —TUESDAY EVENING, July 27th, at 8 o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,
10 shares Second National Bank;
7 shares Allegheny National Bank;
5 shares Pittsburgh Savings Bank;
20 share German Insurance Co.
Also, a perpetual Ground Rent of $71.50 per annum on the Lafayette Hall Building Lot, Wood street, below Fourth avenue. This ground rent is a very desirable opportunity for the most secure investment possible, and at the present high rate of interest, which will remain permanent to the purchaser, through all future reduction of interest rates.
jy26 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS of Allegheny county, No. 504 of September Term, 1869. In the matter of the application of the YOUNG MEN'S BIBLE SOCIETY OF PITTSBURGH, for an alteration and amendment of their Charter of Incorporation.
Notice is hereby given that on the 24th day of July, 1869, application was made to said Court to change the name of and alter and amend the Charter of Incorporation of said Young Men's Bible Society of Pittsburgh, and that if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, the same will be granted at the next term of said Court.
J. W. KIRKER,
jy26:m59-T Attorney for Petitioners.

TO STONE CONTRACTORS.— The PARK COMMISSION of Allegheny City will receive proposals until WEDNESDAY, July 28th, at 3 P. M.,
FOR CONSTRUCTING
A STONE FOUNTAIN BASIN,
34 Feet in Diameter, on West Common.
Plans and Specifications can be seen and full particulars obtained at City Engineer's Office. The Commission do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any bid.
CHARLES DAVIS,
jy22:m60 Superintending Engineer.

TWELFTH LIST, 1869, AP- PLICATIONS to Sell Liquors, filed in the Clerk's Office:
Pittsburgh,
David Wickline, tavern, 1st ward.
Wm. S. McFetridge, tavern, 9th ward.
Milligan, Hershberg & Co., other goods, 10th ward.
F. H. Mason, other goods, 12th ward.
Sophia Hunt, tavern, 17th ward.
Cath. McCoy, tavern, 12th ward.
Chas. Coll, other goods, 13th ward.
M. L. Portser, tavern, 21st ward.
Alice Beardall, oth r goods, 13th ward.
Allegheny.
James Remingsnider, tavern, 3d ward.
Jos. Weaver, tavern, 3d ward;
John Featherston, eating house, 4th ward.
C. M. Deddrick, other goods, 4th ward,
Townships.
C. Bauerlein, tavern, Shaler.
Boroughs.
Alex. Campbell, other goods, East Birmingham.
The License Board will sit for hearing the above applications on WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of July, 1869, at 9 o'clock A. M.
J. G. BROWN, Clerk.
jy26:m31

METHODIST
BOOK DEPOSITORY,
129 SMITHFIELD ST.,
(Methodist Episcopal Block,)
BLANK BOOKS,
BLANK BOOKS,
BLANK BOOKS,
Very Low
TO CLOSE OUT THE STOCK.
JOSEPH HORNER, Agent.
jy21:MWF

IRON AND STEEL.
THREE NEW BOOKS.
IRON—Its History, Properties and Processes of Manufacture. By WM. FAIRBURN, C. E., &c. Third Edition. Revised, $5 25.
IRON AND STEEL—Elasticity. Extensibility and Tensile Strength. By KNAT STYFFE, with a Preface by Percy. $6.00.
IRON AND STEEL MANUFACTURE. Papers on the Manufacture and Properties of Iron and Steel. By FERDINAND KOHN, C. E. $15.
FOR SALE BY
R. S. DAVIS & CO.,
jy24:F&M 93 WOOD STREET.

PEARL MILL FLOUR FROM NEW WHEAT.—We are now receiving a shipment of choice TENNESSEE NEW AMBER and WHITE WHEAT, which we are mixing with our Old Wheat in such proportions as to make an article of Family Flour equal if not superior to any in the market.
The merits we claim for this Flour are that of being manufactured from strictly choice number one southern Amber and White Wheat, with the most approved machinery, by experienced millers. Our Brands are:
THREE STAR PEARL GREEN BRAND, made from Choice White Wheat, unsurpassed as Pastry Flour.
TWO STAR DOUBLE EXTRA, BLUE BRAND, from selected White and Amber Wheat, unsurpassed as a Family Flour.
PEARL RED BRAND from selected amber and best grades of Red Winter.
To prevent fraud in refilling our sacks we now seal them with date of manufacture.
R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
jy21:m38 Pearl Steam Mill, Allegheny.

PROCLAMATION.
The qualified voters of the First ward, City of Allegheny, will meet at the usual time and place for holding elections, on TUESDAY, August 3d, 1869, to ELECT ONE PERSON to fill the unexpired term of Samuel H. Hartman, Esq., Select Councilman, resigned. Also, ONE PERSON to fill the unexpired term of Henry M. Long, Esq., Common Councilman, resigned.
SIMON DRUM, Mayor.
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, June 23, 1869.
jy23:m53

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, July 23, 1869.
NOTICE TO MANUFACTURERS OF SCALES.
Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P. M., on THURSDAY, July 29, 1869, for
One 15 Ton Weigh Scale, Complete,
The same to be delivered at the Second Ward Weigh House. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.
W. M. PORTER
jy24:m54 CITY CONTROLLER.

TALLOW WANTED.—100,000 pounds immediately, for which a fair market price will be paid.
jy28 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

BASKET WILLOWS —176 bdls now landing from steamer R. C. Gray, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO.
Have Just Issued
I.
A NEW NOVEL
BY THE AUTHOR OF
"The Old Mam'selle's Secret,"
COUNTESS GISELA,
From the German of E. Marlat.
Author of "Gold Elsie," "Over Yonder," etc.
BY Mrs. A. L. WISTER.
PART I.
12mo. Paper Cover. 75 Cents.
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MIZPAH,
FRIENDS AT PRAYER.
CONTAINING
A PRAYER OR MEDITATION FOR EACH DAY IN THE YEAR,
12mo. Beautifully printed on superfine tinted paper, within red lines.
Fine Cloth, $2. Extra Cloth, gilt edges, $2,50.
III.
OCEAN TO OCEAN.
Pacific Railroad and adjoining Territories, with Distances and Fares of Travel from American Cities, by the author of "Abraska." With Map. 16mo. Cloth, limp, 50 cents,
RECENTLY PUBLISHED.
THE STOMACH AND ITS DIFFICULTIES. By Sir JAS. EYRE. 16mo. Cloth, 75 cents.
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WHITE'S COMPLETE LATIN-ENGLISH and ENGLISH-LATIN DICTIONARY. Crown 8vo. Cloth $4.50.
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VOL. III. OF LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE. With Six full-page Illustrations, 8vo. Cloth $2.50.
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jy26:m33

DRESS GOODS,
SILKS,
SILK MANTLES
AND
SUMMER GOODS.
Of all Kinds
CHEAP
AT
BATES & BELL'S
To Close their Stock.
jy23:MWF

ICE CHEAPER THAN EVER.
Having been appointed sole agent for this city for the sale of
Chautauqua County (New York)
LAKE ICE,
I am now prepared to furnish it daily in car loads at depot to dealers at low rates.
Parties desiring to purchase or make arrangements to get it will please leave their orders two days before requiring.
JOHN WHITE, Jr.,
jy24:m44 336 PENN STREET.

WOOL.
100,000 Pounds of Wool Wanted by
MEANOR & HARPER,
AT THE WHITE FRONT,
329 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
je30

ROSADALIS
PURIFIES THE BLOOD.
FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
de7:b10MWF

WHITE LIME.—100 barrels Cleveland White Lime; 200 bbls Eastern do., for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.

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180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY,
ANOTHER LOT OF THOSE
FINE BLACK
Gro Grain Alpacas,
EQUAL IN COLOR TO SILK.
SQUARE AND LONG
BLACK THIBET SHAWLS.
NEW STYLES ARAB SHAWLS
IN
Beautiful Colors.
HANDSOME SHADES
IN
COLORED ALPACAS.
NEW STYLES
IN
Medium Dark Calicos.
CASSIMERES, CLOTHS,
JEANS AND TWEEDS.
AT
Exceedingly Low Prices.
TABLE LINENS AND NAPKINS,
EXTRA BARGAINS.
PLAIN AND PLAID
OPERA FLANNELS.
Sheeting and Pillow Case
Muslins and Linens.
Wholesale Cash Buyers will find Full Assortments of Desirable Goods at LOWEST PRICES, at
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

R. M. M'COWAN.....J. R. M'KOWN.
R. M. McCOWAN & CO.,
Boulevard Pavers,
Office, No. 65 OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY.
Orders left at GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh, promptly attended to.
Pave Sidewalks, Cellars, Inside Yards, Drives, &c.
Warranted against changes of heat and cold.
REFERENCES—Max. Moorhead, Lyon & Shorb, Rody Patterson, Wm. Park, James N. Long & Son, Hartley & McKee, Anderson's & Maxwell, Aiken & Campbell, Isaac Craig. jy16:m23

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GOLD AND STEEL PENS,
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LETTER AND NOTE PAPERS, by
W. S. HAVEN & CO.,
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jy24:m52

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ARCHITECTURAL AND
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A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descrip ns. done de9-v38

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☞ All orders promptly attended to.

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180 and 182 Federal Street,
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TWELVE YARDS
Fast Colored Dark Calicos
FOR ONE DOLLAR.
Good Fast Colored Calico
AT 10 CENTS.
TWELVE YARDS
BLEACHED MUSLIN
FOR ONE DOLLAR.
YARD WIDE
UNDRESSED BLEACHED MUSLIN
At 12 1-2 Cents.
Yard Wide Sheeting Muslin
At 12 1-2 Cents.
AT 6 1-4 CENTS,
LINEN TABLE NAPKINS.
At 12 1-2 Cents.
GOOD LINEN TOWELS.
LADIES' HEM-STITCHED
HANDKERCHIEFS,
Three for 25 Cents.
AT 6 1-4 CENTS,
LADIES' CAMBRIC
HANDKERCHIEFS.
At 30 Cents.
LADIES' CORSETS.
At 25 Cents.
GRANITE MIXED POPLINS.
A Decided Bargain.
At 25 Cents.
FINE DOUBLE WIDTH
Black Alpacas.
New Bargains Opening Daily
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

SECURITY AND COMFORT for the traveling community.
J. B. HARRIS
Safety Fire Jacket, Car Heater and
MODERATOR.
For Smoke and Hot Air Flues, dispensing with the use of stoves and fires in or about the Passenger or Baggage Cars, with the attachment to graduate the heat to any temperature that may be desired without the possibility of firing the car or cars to which the Jacket may be attached. Having obtained of the United States Letters Patent for a Safety Jacket, which is warranted to resist the most intense heat that may be applied to it in the position and purpose for which it is intended.
It is a sure protection from accidents by fire, originating from defective flues or where iron pipes are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is applicable to all piping that may become overheated, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction where wood or other combustible material may be placed in close proximity thereto. I am now ready to apply my invention to stores, dwellings, factories, ships, steamboats, railroad cars, &c. Wherever pipes as conductors are made dangerous by being overheated and security desired, I will send on application right to manufacture or use the above invention. Also Territorial rights to such as may wish to engage in selling privileges either by State or county.
J. B. HARRIS.
☞ Office at the "NE PLUS ULTRA PAINT WORKS," corner of Morris street and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, Pa. jy16:m36

FRESH SHAD RECEIVED daily at BENJAMIN PULPRESS popular Fish Stand, No. 45 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City, Allegheny City, corner of Ohio and Federal streets. Can be had all kinds of Sea and Lake fish. Halibut, Shad, Seak, Codfish, Haddock and Eel. Also, large supplies of White, Lake Fish, Salmon, Bass, Stergeon, Herring and Macinaw Trout, which enables us to sell at the lowest market prices, wholesale or retail. We invite all lovers of Fresh Fish to give us a call, and we will insure them a treat. mh25

FISH! FISH!—Potomoc Shad in half barrels; Potomac Herring in barrels; Mackerel No. 1, 2 and 3 in various sized packages; White Fish; Lake Herring. For sale low to the trade by WATT, LANG & CO., 172 and 174 Wood street.

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED.—A good HORSE SHOER at ECCLES' SHOP, at southend Monongahela Bridge.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY.— A WET-NURSE, and also a girl for house work. References required. Call at 25 VINE STREET, near Reed street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—PRINTERS.—Two young men, who have had experience as newspaper compositors, will be needed in a few days. Address Box "A," GAZETTE office.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EM- PLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED.—A good GARDEN- ER, to go to the country, who can drive and work with horses; must be sober, honest and industrious. To such an one a good home and fair wages will be given. Call at or address JOHN J. A. YOUNG, Fruit and Confectioner, No. 83 Fifth Avenue Extension, for further information.

WANTED---BOARDERS.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Two gentlemen, or a gentleman and his wife can obtain a pleasant room with or without board in a private family in Allegheny, above North Common. Address E. C. S., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED. — BOARDERS. —A gentleman and his wife, or a few single gentlemen, can obtain pleasant rooms and good board by applying soon at 71 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. References exchanged.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED.—AGENTS.—Every- WHERE, to sell JACKSON'S WINDOW SASH FASTENER. Can be put on any Window in a few moments without cutting or fitting. Will hold the window up at any hight desired, or lock it down. Four-fifths of all the windows have no fasteners on them. Agents are making $5.00 a day selling them. Samples sent by mail for 10 cents. Address J. C. JACKSON & CO., No. 1 Sixth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. jy7

WANTED.—AGENTS.—$75 to $200 per month everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider, in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth can not be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., St. Louis, Mo., or Boston, Mass.
CAUTION.—No not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

WANTED—AGENTS.—To sell the American Knitting Machine. Price $25. The simplest, cheapest and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit 40,000 stitches per minute. Liberal inducements to agents. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

STOLEN.

STOLEN.—MOCKING BIRD.— From the residence of SAMUEL RIDDLE, Esq., 195 Fayette street, Allegheny City, a MOCKING BIRD, a fine singer; had one of its toes broken. A liberal reward will be paid for its return

TO LET.

TO-LET.—A furnished FRONT ROOM, with Gas, in old Sixth ward; rent moderate. Enquire of S. M., 257 Liberty street.

TO-LET.—A HOUSE of Ten Rooms, newly refitted; in a most beautiful, shady and central location, on Eighth (Hancock) street, near Penn. Also another with six rooms. Apply at 277 Penn street.

TO-LET.—FIVE NEW HOUSES of SIX ROOMS each on Jaisppa street, 5th ward, Allegheny, near Allegheny Avenue, one square from Manchester street cars. Enquire of T. M. SHOLES 89 Federal street, corner Stockton avenue, or CHARLES P. STRIGHT, 171 North avenue, corner Webster street.

TO-LET.—VERY PLEASANT ROOMS, in suites or single, for lodging, with or without board, at 75 FOURTH AVENUE.

TO-LET.—ROOMS, on Second floor, with Boarding. Location the most desirable in the city, with the conveniences of bath rooms the comforts of a private family, as few boarders are kept. 181 North Avenue, Allegheny City.

TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply to Counting Rooms, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

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FOR SALE.—The BAR of the Saloon, No. 3 WYLIE STREET. Will lease the House for any number of years. Mrs. JENNIE GAZZOLO.

FOR SALE.—About 120 acres of land in the best situation for country seats; only 2 miles from the West Pittsburgh Ferry Landing. Will be sold altogether or in pieces to suit purchasers. Enquire of F. C. NAGLEY, office at the south end of the Monongahela bridge. je14-T&F

FOR SALE.
House and Lot on Sandusky street; House and Lot on Bovle street; 2 Houses in the Eighth Ward; 3 Farms in Ohio; Farm in Sewickley Township; 10 acres at Fleming Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.; Farm near Perrysville; House and 1½ acres at Glendale Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.; 2 Farms in Iowa; Lot on Locust street (Manchester); Farm in Westmoreland county; 7 Houses and Lots in Spring Garden avenue; House and Lease on Middle street; House and 4 Lots on Spring Hill, 7th ward. Other Houses and Lots in good location. Inquire of
M. WHITMORE,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. jy17

FOR SALE.—VALUABLE CITY RESIDENCE.—HOUSE AND LOT, No. 72 Washington street, Allegheny City. The lot is 62 feet on Washington street, extending back 260 feet, on which is erected a double two story brick dwelling, having all modern improvements. Also brick stable and carriage room, with servants room attached, all in first rate order. To those wanting a comfortable home, this property is recommended. Enquire on the premises, or to ROBERT DALZELL,
jy12:m8 49 Stockton Avenue.

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J. W. BARKER & CO'S.,
59 MARKET STREET. **20** ST. CLAIR STREET.
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CLOSED OUT
IN TEN DAYS.
The Stock is Large and Complete, and every Article has been Reduced
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In order to close the Estate of the Senior Member of the Firm.
J. W. BARKER, Jr.,
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An elegant new Brick Dwelling, 7 rooms, attic and wash room.
House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 16th ward, $1,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 16th ward, $1,500.
House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 17th ward, $2,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 17th ward, $2,600.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $2,600.
House of 2 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $800.
10 lots, Siebert & Williams' plan, $700 to $800.
2 lots, 44th street, $1,200 each.
4 lots, 45th street, $1,000 each.
3 lots, Hatfield street, $800 each
1 lot, Sherman street, $7,50.
5 lots, 40th street, 20x240, $12,000.
4 lots, Butler street, $4,000.
BARGAINS IN BLOOMFIELD.
Lots 20x137 feet, $600; ten years to pay. A house cost $500; interest on both, $66 a year. Many pay $180 year rent. At Bloomfield you would save $114 a year and your house and lot in less than 10 years. Churches and schools near.
30 acres of land, a mile from Sharpsburg, $6,000; 25 acres of it, $3,500.
D. S. WILLIAMS, 17th ward.

FOR SALE.
3 STILLS, each 9 feet diameter and 16½ feet long, with about 300 feet condensing pipe, from 4-inch down to 2½-inch gas pipe to each still, for $900 apiece.
2 BOILERS, each 32-inch diameter and 14 feet long, with chimney bridging, steam drum, stand pipe, &c., for $500,
2 KEYSTONE STEAM PUMPS, each 12 inch steam cylinder, 7-inch water cylinder and 12-inch stroke, for $300 apiece,
1 IRON AGITATOR, 16 feet diameter and 16 feet deep, with cast iron bottom for $500.
700 feet 2½-inch GAS PIPE at 40c per foot.
Apply to ERNY, JAGEMAN & CO., at works, near Sharpsburg Bridge. jy8:179

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The heirs of the late ALEXANDER CAMERON, deceased, offer the following desirable and conveniently located property for sale: Three story Brick Dwelling House, fronting on West Common, Allegheny, No. 26 Sherman avenue. Also, two story Brick Dwelling, fronting on East Common, No. 16 Union avenue. Also, three story Brick store room, No. 104 Federal street, Allegheny, now occupied by J. J. East as Book Store. All of the above is offered on reasonable terms, in order to facilitate the settlement of the estate. Parties wanting information will apply to the undersigned at office of the Pennsylvania Insurance Company, 168½ Wood street, Pittsburgh. HUGH McELHENY. jy9:l9s

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.
No. 1. WAREHOUSE AND LOT, No. 95 Water street, 30 feet front on Water street, extending back 160 feet to First street. Occupied by Messrs. Calhoun & Son.
No. 2. WAREHOUSE AND LOT, NS, 205 Liberty street, 20 feet front on Liberty, extending back 120 feet. Occupied by Mr. McSwiggin.
No. 3. One-half of WAREHOUSE AND LOT, No. 337 Commercial Row, Liberty street.
No. 4. LOT No. 22 in Curling's Plan of Lots, fronting 20 feet on Diwiddie street.
No. 5. LOTS Nos. 82, 83, 84, 85 and 86 in Wray & Hoeveller's Plan of Lots, Bloomfield.
A considerable portion of the purchase money to remain on interest.
For further information apply to DR. R. WRAY, 132 Webster street, or to J. T. WRAY & BROTHERS 29 and 31 Irwin street. jy17:m29

FOR SALE.
Good 6 roomed brick house on Centre avenue and large lot—$4,500.
Good 6 roomed frame house with all improvements; lot 58 by 110—$4,000.
Frame house, 3 rooms; lot 24 by 100—$1,000.
Two well finished press brick houses and large lot—only $6,000.
Two 6 roomed houses on Fulton street—$2,500 each.
One lot 24 by 129 feet on Reed street—$500.
Plot of ground on Mt. Washington.
20 acres on Panhandle Railroad, 4 miles from the city.
30 acres on Western Pa. Railroad, 4 miles from the city.
225 acres good improved land in Missouri. Will be divided to suit purchasers.
20 lots on Centre avenue—$300 to $1,500 each. Inquire of
McCLUNG & RAINBOW,
Real Estate and Insurance Agents,
jy10 Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

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SALTSBURG—A 2 story Brick House, 9 rooms, 80 by 180.
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McKEE-PORT—4 Lots and 2 story Brick House, with Tavern; M. V. R. R. passing through the property.
PERRY STREET, Allegheny—2 story frame house, 20 by 91.
ELIZABETHTOWN—4 Lots, 25 by 60, with three frames and a two story Brick house.
SECOND AVENUE—A 3 story Brick house, 9 rooms.
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For particulars enquire at 87 Grant street.
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Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,
TWO LOTS,
Containing About Two Acres Each,
ENQUIRE OF
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mh15

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This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. je15:k46

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Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.

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Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of

Lace and Nottingham curtains Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Ferry's Mexican cloth, Satin, Delanes, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair,) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first-class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.

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my8:193

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We will register all kinds of Government Bonds free of charge. This gives the holder absolute security against theft, loss, or destruction.

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Dealers in Government Bonds,

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my13:j25

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, July 24, 1869.

The decline of our bonds in London on Friday last from 83¼ to 83, gave rise to a firmer feeling in the gold room, and the further decline to 82¾, and 87⅛ in Frankfort on Saturday, was the forerunner of gradual advance in gold from 135¼ to 136⅜. The large short interest of speculators and importers, as well as the published programme of the Treasury department for August, indicating the payment of more currency for the purchase of eleven millions of bonds, and the sale of only two millions of gold, give the gold market an appearance of unusual strength, and we must not be surprised to see the market advance from 3 to 4 per cent. during the week. Our long delayed exports of specie in the hope of finding a market again for our bonds, have at last begun, and the consequence of overtrading must be plainly visible to every intelligent merchant or banker. The low rate of gold last December and the efforts of the Chicago grain speculative cliques have prevented a free export of our produce, and the low currency price of cotton gave the importers and exporters the advantage of buying more extensively of foreign manufactures at low rates. The dullness of business in general induced many a merchant of the sea ports to try his hand at speculation adventures, whereby he lost his capital and enriched the already wealthy speculators of the gold and bond cliques, not to mention the doings of the wealthy class of Railroad operators who plundered friends and foes alike in their watering of the share capital of nearly every road of the country. The question is daily asked, what becomes of the money or the representative of money, the paper manufactured for that purpose. The circulation seems to be out, yet according to the books of the Treasury department a large amount is lying idle in the Treasury vaults, placed there for special disbursement purposes, but perhaps not actually drawn for some time, and especially withheld at a time when money was scarce in ordinary business channels. Again the Treasury withdrew a very large amount of circulation from the National Banks and placed it in the Sub-Treasury and its depositories, where it is as well as if it was not in existence. These deposits in the National Banks formed a very essential part of their discount capital, and was a great source of profit to them. But more than all, the country requires double the capital of 1863. The country being more extended for business purposes, in time of distrust double the circulating medium is required in camp arison to times when credit furnishes the larger part of the medium of exchange.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 136¼; Silver, 130; Eighty-one's, 120¼; Five Twenties, 1862, 123⅛; do 1864, 121⅜; do 1865, 121¾; do 1865, Consols, 120¼; do 1867, 120⅜; do 1868, 120⅜; Ten Forties, 111⅛; New York Central, 214½; Erie, —; Reading, 96⅜; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 52⅜; Ohio & Misissippi, 31¾; Michigan Southern, 105⅛; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 108; Chicago & Rock Island, 114; Chicago & North Western, 79⅝; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 93¾; Adams Express Company, 60⅜; Merchants Union Express, 10½; Pacific Mail, 83⅜; Western Union Telegraph Company, 37; Am. W. Express, 42½.

EXCHANGE,	*Large.*	*Small.*
London, per £	$6,70	$6,80
Paris, per franc	27¼	28½
Berlin, thaler	99¼	1,00
Frankfort, florins	58½	59⅛

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold, 135⅞; United States Sixes, 1881, 121¾; Five-Twenties, 1862, 123¾; do. 1864, 121⅝; do. 1865, 121¾; Ten-Forties, 110¼ Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 120¼; do. do. 1867, 120¾; do. do. 1868, 120¾; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 90; Central do. do., 99; Cy. Pacifics, 107¾; Lake Superiors 96.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, July 24, 1869.

Money easy at 6@7 per cent., with free offers late in the day. Discounts quiet at 8@12 per cent. Report says the Secretary of the Treasury will continue to purchase bonds in Augusto on the same basis as in this month, without increasing the sales of gold.

The bank statement was favorable; the total reserve is nearly a million and a half greater than last week's; loans $259,661,889, increase $2,633,600; specie $30,079,424, decrease $976,026. circulation $34,119,798, decrease $67,639; deposits $193,622,260, increase $5,190,559; legal tenders $54,271,862, increase $2,412,156.

Sterling quiet at 10@18 per cent. Gold opened at 135¾, advanced to 136¼, and closed at 136⅜@136½; the rise was occasioned by the heavy shipments and private telegrams announcing the fall of ⅛ per cent. in bonds at Frankfort and London. It was stated the Russian government put a new 5 per cent. loan of a hundred million thalers on the Frankfort market, which caused a decline in our bonds, carrying the rates for gold to 4@7 per cent. The clearances were $48,000,000. Exports for to day were $1,403,576; exports for the week were $3,082,015.

Governments firmer. The closing prices were: Coupons of '81, 121¼@121¾; do. '62, 123¾@123¾; do. '64, 121¾@121¾; do. '65, 121¾@121¾; do. new, 120½@120¾; do. '67, 120⅝@120¾; do. '68, 120¼@120¾; 10-40's, 111¼@111¼; Pacifics, 107¾@108.

State bonds steady; Missouris, 87¾; old Tennessees, 63; new, 57¾; old Virginias, 59½; new, 61¼; old North Carolinas, 59; new, 53.

Stock market strong and buoyant most of the day, particularly on Vanderbilt shares. Harlem advanced to 156, a rise of 9¼ per cent.; New York Central touched 216¼, and Hudson 191¼. The rest of the list advanced ¼ per cent., in sympathy, with considerable activity. The market subsequently fell of slightly under realizations, but closed strong, though, as usual on Saturdays, quiet.

5-30 *Prices:* Canton, 59; Cumberland, 31¾; Western, 37; Quicksilver, 15¾; Mariposa, 8; do. preferred, 15¼; Pacific Mail, 84½; Adams Express, 60¼; Wells and Fargo, 22¼; American, 42¼; Merchants, 10¾; New York Central, 215¾; Harlem, 155; Hudson, 190; Reading, 97¾; Erie, 29; do. preferred, 54¼; Michigan Central, 132¾; Michigan Southern, 106¼; Illinois Central, 141¼; Pittsburgh, 108; Northwestern, 79¾; do. preferred, 93¾; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 7½; Rock Island, 117⅞; St. Paul, 76¾; do. preferred, 87; Wabash, 72¾; Fort Wayne, 152¼; Terre Haute, 56; Chicago and Alton, 167; Ohio and Mississippi, 31½; St. Joseph, 130; Burlington and Quincy, 190.

Mining Shares dull: Quartz Hill, 105; LaCrosse, 15; Gregory, 165.

Coppers at Boston: Copper Falls, 7; Franklin, 12; Hecla, 80; Minnesota, 1½; Quincy, 24½.

Sub-Treasury receipts, $16,706,895; payments, $1,440,264; balance, $96,079,045. Imports—dry goods, $2,187,841; general merchandize, $2,940,653.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, July 24, 1869.

REVIEW FOR THE WEEK.

The oil market has been more active during the past week, the sales in the aggregate having been large, both for present and future delivery, and with a stronger feeling. Prices, compared with last week, are a shade higher. The demand comes from exporters as well as New York "shorts," both of whom have been buying pretty freely, and the great proportion of it has been sold by Pittsburgh. As intimated in our last report, New York is said to be largely "short" for this month, while Pittsburgh is "long," and as a consequence the latter is selling while the former buying, which is all right, with the exception that Pittsburghers would like to have better prices. July oil advanced about a quarter to-day, and August also, was stronger and higher.

A private dispatch from Philadelphia, to-day, furnishes the following particulars in regard to stocks in that market.

Stock in warehouse	43,098 bbls.
Charters made	45,650
Of which there is board	8,750
Tonnage yet to be filled	36,900 bbls.
Excess over tonnage	6,098 bbls.

This does not include the oil en route from Pittsburgh for the past three days—the shipments yesterday were 6,319 bbls.

Receipts Crude this week, 18,566 bbls; last week, 14,280; from January 1st to date, 453,441; same time last year, 643,966. Exports Refined, this week, 19,032 bbls; last week, 15,559; from January 1st to date, 266,744; same time last year 328,731. Sales this week 57,400; last week 87,161.

REFINED

As already noted, the market was stronger for July & August to-day, and about a quarter higher, with a fair volume of business in the aggregate. Late months steady, but unchanged. Sales 1,000 August last half, at 32½; 1,000 do, at 32¼; 1,000 do, at 32½; 8,000 in lots for July, at 31¾; 1,000 do, at 32; 2,000 first half, at 32½; 2,000 do last half, at 34½; lines firm, for last three or four months, at 33.

CRUDE.

The crude market is firm and moderately above, though without essential change in prices. Sales 2,000 seller till October, at $5,80 at Venango city; 5,000, 3,000 and 3,000, seller all year, at 14½, July and August seller may be quoted at 14⅝, and buyer all year at 16½.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

W. Wilson & Co	58	bbls
J. Wilkins	1,040	"
Pool & Bro	240	"
John Spear	100	"
D Bly & Co	100	"
Total	1,538	bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Lockhart, Frew & Co. 513 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co. Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner 500 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

B. W. Morgan & Co., 150 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total Refined..... 1,163

OIL SHIPPED EAST AT DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co., 55 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Hutchison Oil & Refining Co., 477 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 532

OIL SHIPMENTS PER WEST PENNA. R R.

A. Hertz & Co., 1,078 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

Agricultural Report for June.

The effect of the incessant rain-fall upon the leading crops of the country is disclosed in the Commissioner's Report, as follows:

It will be seen that rain in June of this year has been in excess of the fall of June, 1868, in all the States except Florida, and on the Atlantic coast between Washington and New York City, and to a slight degree in Rhode Island, New Hampshire and Minnesota. The greatest disparity has existed in the wheat belt between the Missouri and the Mississippi. Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri average a rain-fall of 7.20 inches against 3.54 of June last year. The temperature has also been lower by 3 to 7 degrees. In the South the temperature has not been reduced, though there was more than the usual quantity of rain.

The effect upon Winter grain of so much moisture in the ripening season has been to give an almost unprecedented growth of straw and an appearance of vigor quite remarkable; at the same time a general exemption from insects has been observed, and a good development of and filling of the head, which, with the increased average, might be expected to produce a harvest of extraordinary magnitude. To this calculation, however, there are some drawbacks. Rust has wrought some injury east of the Plains, and has been quite severe in parts of California, and may yet prove disastrous to the Spring-sown grain. There will be complaint of a light yield of grain in threshing, and there are already reports of injury, by sprouting in the shock, in Missouri, Tennessee and in Southern Illinois, which, should wet weather continue, may greatly reduce the value of the crop. It is scarcely possible, however, that any or all these causes can so reduce the crop as to cause a scarcity; and it may be assumed to be the third full crop, following three seasons of comparative scarcity, and an abundance of flour at moderate prices may be expected, with a good surplus for export.

The season has been very unfavorable for the corn crop in almost every State. In the early spring, cold weather and wet soil, threatening to rot the seed as fast as planted, delayed the season of planting. Then large areas were replanted from a continuance of similar conditions, and the stand has therefore been poor and the growth stunted and feeble, in northern latitudes, until late in June, since which time a great improvement has resulted. In many sections there are more weeds than corn, while much is still overflowed, making it impossible to cultivate the crop. Worms have proved destructive in some places. Altogether the prospect is quite unfavorable for a good crop of corn, though there is yet time, under favorable circumstances, for great amelioration. The acreage is somewhat less than last year in the South, and in New York, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, and in some of the Eastern States.

The decrease in Illinois amounts to 150,000 acres. There has been an increase west of the Mississippi, and to some extent in more Eastern States, sufficient to give a total acreage equal to last year.

The feebleness and starved condition of the cotton plant in May and early in June are yielding to the bright suns and genial showers of the progressing season, which are rapidly repairing all damages, except the lack of a perfect "stand." Fears are expressed in a few localities that there will not be more than half a crop. On the other hand, the general report is far more encouraging. Along the Atlantic coast large quantities of fertilizers have been used, great care exercised in the selection of seed and better implements employed, while the laborers are more faithful and reliable. The total area planted is about fifteen per cent. greater than last year, increasing the average to fully 8,000,000 acres. Tennessee, Virginia, Kentucky and Missouri report a slight decline in acreage, while the increase is given as follows: North Carolina, ten per cent.; South Carolina, nine per cent.; Georgia, eighteen per cent.; Florida, twenty-five per cent.; Alabama, eight per cent; Mississippi, fourteen per cent; Louisiana, sixteen per cent; Texas, thirty-two per cent.; Arkansas, twelve per cent.

Hay will be abundant, but of comparatively poor quality, being rank in growth, and to some extent injured in curing. Potatoes have been largely planted, and generally promise well, except where injured by the wet weather, though apprehensions of potato disease are prevalent, and the bug is doing some damage.

Vegetable Preservative for Marsh Fever.

Persons who are condemned to live in the fens of Lincolnshire may be glad to learn that a simple method has been discovered of neutralizing the deleterious influence of marshy exhalations. Monsieur Martin, in a paper presented by him to the Societe Therapeutique de France, affirms that this desirable result may be obtained by the cultivation on a large scale of the sunflower (Helianthus annuus.) The experiment has been tried with great success in the fenny districts near Rochefort, and the Dutch, who from the peculiar nature of their country have every opportunity of studying such phenomena, and must be looked upon as high authorities upon the subject, have a firm faith in this specific, asserting that intermittent fever, the scourge of the country, has totally disappeared from every district in which a fair trial has been given to it. The fact appears to be proved, but the *modus operandi* is uncertain, it being a disputed question whether the sunflower acts on the atmosphere merely like any other plant of rapid growth by the production of oxygen, or whether, like the coniferæ, it emits ozone, and thus destroys the germs, animal and vegetable, generally supposed to constitute the miasmas which produce fever when present in the atmosphere in large quantities.

An Iowa Captain gave the following commands just after leaving Big Shanty: "Boys! I've got to fall back in the rear for a half an hour, and I don't want any of you to forget the strict orders against foraging. So, although there is a big pile of sweet potatoes and a half dozen beehives about a half mile ahead, yet I shall expect to see every man in his place when I come back in just three quarters of an hour from now." When he came back every man *was* in his place, hiding his smiles behind a huge potato or a great card of crystal honey. The captain had all he cared to eat, remarking incidentally, that he "was glad to see that the Quartermaster was giving the boys better rations."

CLIPPINGS.

The humidity of the atmosphere, it is reported, has been increased on the Isthmus of Suez since the introduction of the waters of the Mediterranean Sea into the lakes. Fogs as dense as those of Paris have been observed in districts where heretofore rain has hardly ever fallen.

The Providence *Journal* says that Alexander H. Stephens' interminable letters announcing his withdrawal from public affairs, remind one of the record found in the closet of an old toper in Greenwich, whose many excellent resolutions were not followed by a corresponding practice and reform. On the door, plainly marked in chalk, was recorded: "February 25, left off drinking," and then, "February 26, left off again,"

A gentleman from the vicinity of York, Pa., informed us that so great has been the scarcity of rain in that locality that the corn is very much back, and presents a dry and shriveled appearance. In York county, and within six or seven miles of Harrisburg, we have another almost rainless district; so great is the drought in that section that springs, which have not failed for a period of fifty years, are dry. While some regions are suffering from too much, others are suffering from its absence.

The bail of Griffin, the engineer of the freight train, to whose carelessness the Mast Hope railroad disaster is attributed, has been fixed at $10,000. He is still in jail at Milford, Pa. The wounded at the Delaware House are rapidly gaining, and will return home in a few days. There are only three of them remaining, one of whom, Carl Baer, the German lad, has sent for his mother and brother in Prussia to come over to this country. The claim for damages for his father's death has not yet been settled.

It is one of the curiosities of Rhode Island industry says the Providence *Journal*, that it is now exporting iron ore to be manufactured in other States. Two thousand tons of this ore have been sent to a single furnace in Pennsylvania within eighteen months, at a cost to the purchasers, freight included, of six and a half dollars a ton. The addition of fifteen per cent. of the Cumberland ore to the other ores used by the Pennsylvania company has been found to increase the value of their pig iron two dollars a ton.

The bill for the punishment of seduction, recently before the Canadian Parliament, provides that the seduction under promise of marriage of a chaste unmarried woman shall be punished by imprisonment for two years, but no conviction shall be had, in any case, "on the testimoney of the woman seduced, unsupported by other evidence, nor unless the indictment is found within two years after the offence." The object of refusing to receive the woman's testimoney as conclusive, is to prevent the innumerable cases of prosecution, by designing women, for sinister and mercenary purposes.

The fine folks going to the Suez Canal opening take along with them other Parisian luxuries besides the striped silken tents. There is the portable fresh butter churn, made out of cut crystal and mounted on silver feet. It is provided with a silver rod which revolves swiftly in the cream and presents a pat of butter every three minutes. The fruit refrigerator is made of plated silver. There is a hollow in the center of it for raspberries, for instance: all around them rises a wall of artificial ice; the fruit is covered with some chemical preparation which adds savor and congeals; after a rotary turn or two the raspberries are frosted.

A New Orleans jeweler has succeeded in making a very peculiar brooch and ear-rings for one of the Southern belles. In the brooch—and the ear-rings are similar but smaller—there are five leaves, the two upper ones being made of veined violet enamel, while the three lower ones are of frosted gold, delicately veined around the centre with black enamel. In the center is a brilliant diamond on a raised setting, which presents the appearance of a sparkling dew-drop which a zephyr might kiss away. Each piece is described as a gem in itself, and so nearly resembles the modest flower of which it is counterfeit presentment, that placed in a garden it might deceive the most learned botanist.

There is no foundation for the story that Ex-Minister John Bigelow has been offered a large interest in the *Times*, and a salary of ten thousand annually, if he will accept the editorial management of the paper, and, furthermore, that he is holding the offer under advisement. The other statements that George W. Curtis, or this or that man had been offered the vacant chair, are equally unfounded. Soon after Mr. Raymond's death, Mr. Jones, Wm. Raymond and the other proprietors of the *Times*, who are few in number—not over five all told—held a consultation, and decided to retain the paper under its present management until Mr. Raymond's oldest son, now about graduating from Yale, has obtained the necessary editorial training to assume the father's position. No outsider is to be admitted to overshadow this son when he comes to take the reins that have dropped from his father's hands. Mr. S. Conant will continue as heretofore editorial manager of the *Times*.

A correspondent of *Blake's Galveston Bulletin* writes from De Witt county, Texas: "Again is this and the adjoining counties thrown into a wild state of excitement by the appearance in day time and the sound at night of large bodies of armed men riding to and fro. At last that point beyond which it is said forbearance ceases to be a virtue has been reached, and our oldest and best citizens have drawn the sword and thrown the scabbard away, and say they will not desist until our country is purged of the thieves and desperadoes who have so long been preying upon their stock. The real wealth of our Western country had become common property, regularly organized gangs of horse thieves were quarantined upon us, one-half the beeves raised upon our prairies were stolen, in vain have our citizens appealed to the law, swift witnesses were always at hand to prove an alibi or swear them clear. Gradually have things been drawing to a focus. Simultaneously almost have the people risen in the surrounding counties, and a day of reckoning has come. Horrible as this state of affairs is, there was no alternative, and the war of extermination has commenced, and from the cool, determined character of the leaders, I imagine will not cease until these pests of society have been rooted out. On the 2d inst., two noted characters, Jim Bell and Bill Morrel, were shot on the Coletto, in the lower part of De Witt county. Many rumors are afloat of others in different directions being killed, but, owing to the dread existing men, say but little."

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THE MOST SUCCESSFUL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF THE WORLD,

THE NATIONAL

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Chartered by Special Act of Congress.

Cash Capital - - - $1,000,000.

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This Company issued, in the first TEN MONTHS of its existence,

5,395 POLICIES,

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$15,142,800.

This Company offers to its Policy-Holders

PERFECT SECURITY

By its Cash paid up Capital of One Million Dollars, and guarantees to the Insured, by its

LOW RATES OF PREMIUM,

LARGE DIVIDENDS IN ADVANCE,

Or a Reversionary Dividend of 100 per cent. by its

RETURN PREMIUM PLAN.

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E. W. CLARK & CO., Bankers. No. 35 South Third Street, Philadelphia, General Agents for Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey. B. S. Russell, Manager.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Agents for Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Mercer and Washington counties.

☞ LOCAL AGENTS ARE WANTED in every City and Town; and applications from competent parties for such agencies with suitable endorsement, should be addressed To THE COMPANY'S GENERAL AGENTS ONLY, in their respective districts. jy2:MW&F

NOTICES.

☞ NOTICE.

CITY TAXES, 1869.

In accordance with Section 6th, Page 298 of City Digest,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

TO THE

CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH,

That the assessments for 1869 of City, City Building, Special, Poor, Business, City School and Ward School Taxes and City Water Rents have been returned to me for collection.

The above taxes are subject to a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENTUM if paid on or before the

First Day of August,

and TWO PER CENTUM if paid between the

FIRST DAY OF AUGUST

AND THE

FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

☞ No deduction will be allowed on taxes paid between September fifteenth and October first.

☞ An addition of five per centum will be made to all taxes unpaid October first, and an additional five per centum will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on November first.

A. J. COCHRAN,
CITY TREASURER, 4th AVENUE.
Pittsburgh, July 2, 1869. e5:k68

WALL PAPERS.

WALL PAPER

AND

WINDOW SHADES,

OF

New and Handsome Designs,

NOW OPENING AT

No. 107 Market Street

(NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,)

Embracing a large and carefully selected stock of the newest designs from the FINEST STAMPED GOLD to the CHEAPEST ARTICLE known to the trade. All of which we offer at prices that will pay buyers to examine.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

mh23:g41

WALL PAPER.

THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,

W. P. MARSHALL'S

NEW WALL PAPER STORE,

191 Liberty Street,

(NEAR MARKET,)

SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh6

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,

(Late Cutter with W. Herpenheide,)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

se28:y21

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,

Just received by HENRY MEYER,

se25: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the livor and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the disessed matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all billious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151-d&F

☞ DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps*. ap2

☞ ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE.—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all particulars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnished rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. my18:j22

☞ BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous: no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j32

☞ EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED —Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease.* Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g25-d&F

☞ THE MARRIAGE RING.—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:163-d&F

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS addressed to the undersigned will be received until AUGUST 6th, 1869, for the

Graduation, Masonry and Ballasting,

OF THE BUTLER BRANCH

Of the Western Penn'a R. R.,

Extending from Freeport, Armstrong county, to Butler, Butler county, Pa., a distance of TWENTY-ONE MILES. Profiles and specifications can be seen at the Engineer's office, Freeport, Armstrong county, Pa., on and after July 26th.

G. E ROBERTS,

jy22:m41 CHIEF ENGINEER.

NOTICE TO ENGINE BUILDERS.—Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of CITY WATER WORKS, up to August 6th, 1869, for ONE STEAM CYLINDER 26 inches diameter and 8 foot stroke, one pump 16 inches diameter and 8 foot stroke. Engine and pump to be erected and put in successful operation in the engine house at the Lower Basin, Bedford avenue.

jy17 JOSEPH FRENCH, Superintendent.

ICE.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

WM. KREBS,

ICE DEALER,

No. 55 Diamond Alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Orders addressed to W. KREBS, Eighth ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. my15:110

LIVERY STABLES.

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.

ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

LIVERY, SALE AND

COMMISSION STABLES

COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ap26:n4

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Construction of a Lateral Sewer on North Avenue.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Sewer Commission be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive Proposals for the construction of a Sewer, located as follows: From Boyle street to Middle alley; from Middle alley to Webster street; from Webster street to Palo Alto street, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for by an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "A supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March 24, A. D. 1869."

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 22d day of July, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty nine.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.

Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. jy24

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Construction of a Lateral Sewer, on Pitt Alley.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Sewer Commission be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer located as follows, viz.: From Strawberry alley to Montgomery avenue, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said Sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected, as provided for by an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled, "A supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March 24, A. D. 1869."

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 22d day of July, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: JOSEPH R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. jy24

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Grading and Paving of Evans Alley, from Nixon Street to Washington Avenue.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Evans alley, as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expense of said improvements, there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said Evans alley, respectively in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said Evans alley respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, 1852.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 22d day of July, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of the Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of the Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK,
President of the Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. jy24

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Construction of a Lateral Sewer on Ridge Avenue, to Connect with the Belmont Street Sewer.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Sewer Commission be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer, located as follows: From a point 200 feet from intersection of Ridge avenue with Rebecca street, to Belmont street sewer, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said Sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for, by an Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "a supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March 24, A. D. 1869."

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 22d day of July, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. jy24

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Construction of a Main Sewer from Pasture Lane to Junction of Montgomery Avenue.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That Sewer Commission be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer, located as follows: From Pasture Lane through West Commons to junction of Montgomery Avenue sewer, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said Sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for, by an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "a supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March 24, A. D. 1869."

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 22d day of July, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. jy24

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Grading and Paving of Montgomery Avenue from East line of Union Avenue to West line of Sherman Avenue.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Montgomery avenue, as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said Montgomery avenue respectively in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said Montgomery avenue respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, 1854.

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 22d day of July, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. jy24

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ FIFTH AVENUE HALL.—No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

LEGAL.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE!

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, Pa., dated June 26, 1869, the undersigned, Administratrix of the estate of Col. JAMES A. GIBSON, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, at his late residence in Pine township,

ON TUESDAY, JULY 27, 1869,

At 1 o'clock P. M., all that certain farm, messuage or tract of land, situate in Pine township, in said county, and bounded on the north by lands of Eliza Donold and the Grade Road; on the east by the heirs of Fogle; on the south by lands of L. R. McAboy, and on the east by lands of Mrs. Thos. Gibson and Abraham Marshall, containing 113 acres and 18 perches, upon which is erected a Double Frame Cottage, one and a half story high, having five rooms on the first floor, four of said rooms having fine marble mantle pieces and three rooms on the second floor; stable, carriage house and other outbuildings; excellent water, and the land in good cultivation.

Also, a certain other tract of land situate in Pine township, bounded on the north by lands of Rev. L. R. McAboy and Cross Prest. Church; on the east by lands of Abraham Marshall and Samuel Emmett; on the south and east by lands of Rev. L. R. McAboy, containing 93 acres and 30 perches, upon which is erected a good stone and log dwelling or tenant house.

Also, a certain other tract of land situate in said Pine township, bounded on the north by lands of Mrs. Herron; on the west by lands of Mrs. Eliza Donald; on the south by lands of Rev. L. R. McAboy and McMarlin, and on the east by land of Alexander M'Clintock, containing 132 acres and 15 perches, upon which is erected a good tenant house.

All of the aforesaid tracts of land are well watered and improved farming lands.

Also, a certain other tract of land situate in Shaler township, adjoining lands of Hugh and Thomas Miller, containing 3 acres, underlaid with coal, together with a right of way to the coal land of said James A. Gibson and Robert Morrow, and with it the lease of John Sword to said Gibson and Morrow of 90 acres of coal; upon said 3 acres is erected a dwelling.

For further information inquire of the undersigned, or of

SAMUEL PALMER, Attorney-at-Law,
No. 87 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh.

TERMS OF SALE—One-half of the purchase money upon the confirmation of said sale, and the balance in one year from the date of said confirmation, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage.

NANCY M. GIBSON,
Administratrix of James A. Gibson, deceased.
jy2:131 2.9 16.23.24.26

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.

Account of Wm. Johnston and C. Robb, executors of Andrew Johnson, dec'd.

Orphans' Court, No. 88, June term, 1869.

And now, to-wit, June 10, 1869, the Court, on motion of R. S. Woods, attorney for exceptants, appoint W. G. HAWKINS, Jr., Esq., Auditor, to audit the account open on the exceptions and make distribution of the balance in the hands of accountants. BY THE COURT.

From the Record:

A. HILANDS, Clerk.

The Auditor above named will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, at his office, No. 58 Grant street, Pittsburgh, on the 6th day of AUGUST next, at 2 o'clock P. M.

W. G. HAWKINS, Jr., Auditor.

JULY 10, 1869. jy12:m6 M

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, of Allegheny County, No. 427 of September Term, 1869. In the matter of the Incorporation of "THE TRADESMEN'S BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA."

Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of July, 1869, application was made to said Court to grant a Charter of Incorporation to said Association; and that if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, the same will be granted at the next term of said Court.

D. W. & A. S. BELL,
Attorneys for Petitioners.

JULY 19, 1869, jy20:m35

HOPKINS STREET.—Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of July, 1869, at June Term, 1866, Quarter Sessions Court, a petition for vacation of a portion of Hopkins street, City of Allegheny, was presented and ordered to be filed, and rule granted to show cause why a portion of said street should not be closed up and vacated.

JOHN C. McCOMBS,
jy12:m5-MTH Attorney for Petitioners.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testementary upon the will of ELIZABETH BLACK, late of Pittsburgh, deceased, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted are required to make payment, and all having claims will present them to

GEORGE W. COFFIN, Executor.
jy19:m32M No. 49 Water street, Pittsburgh.

ASSESSMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
PITTSBURGH, July 23, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading, Paving and Curbing MILTENBERGER STREET, from St. Patrick's Alley to Bluff street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, August 3d, when it will be returned to the City Treasurers' office for collection.

jy23 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, July 23d, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the partial Grading of Bluff street, from Cooper to Pride street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, August 3d, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection

jy23:m50 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., July 23, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessments for Grading and Paving of LINDSEY'S ALLEY, from Ledlie street to Jackson street. Also the assessment for the Grading and Paving of BLAIR ALLEY, from Lindsey's alley to Ramage alley, are now ready for examination, and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer until AUGUST 2d, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS,
jy24:m55 CITY ENGINEER.

SUMMER RESORTS.

CRESSON SPRINGS.

Is Favorite Summer Resort,

Situated on the Summit of the ALLEGHENY MOUNTAINS, 2,200 FEET ABOVE THE LEVEL OF THE SEA, will be open for the reception of guests on the 15th day of JUNE. The buildings connected with the establishment have been entirely renovated and newly furnished. Excursion Tickets sold by the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburgh, good for the season. All trains stop at Cresson. TWO FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT. For further information, address

GEO W. MULLIN, Proprietor,
Cresson Springs, Cambria county, Pa.
jy5:167

STOCKTON HOTEL,

CAPE MAY, N. J.,

Will open on the 24th of JUNE, 1869. This hotel has been erected within the past year, affords ample accommodation for nearly one thousand guests and is furnished equal to any of the leading hotels in the United States.

For terms, &c., until then, address,

PETER GARDNER, Proprietor,
No. 307 Walnut street Philadelphia.
le2:k15-WFM

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

CAPE MAY CITY, N. J.,

Will be opened for the season SATURDAY, May 29th. In all first class appointments, equal to any and yet affording to families all the comforts of a home. President Grant expects to visit Cape May this season and will stop at the "United States." Address,

my21:j94 AARON MILLER, Proprietor.

STONE.

WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny,

FRED'K ATWATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE is furnished in the city the six days of the week for 15 cents per week; by mail, $8 per annum: 3 mos., $2.

Troy Hill had few visitors yesterday. As a place of Sunday resort, it is declining.

Councils will meet this afternoon. It is thought the Connellsville Railroad business will come up for action.

The Livery Stable men are having a lively quarrel and the result so far is the reduction of carriage and buggy hire all around.

Obituary.—Mr. Redmond Ledlie, a young gentleman well known and highly respected in this city, died yesterday morning.

False.—The alarm of fire struck from Box 54, Allegheny Fire Alarm, on Saturday evening about nine o'clock, proved to be false.

Tallow! Tallow!!—By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that Isiah Dickey & Co. want 100,000 pounds of tallow.

Discharged.—Three officers were discharged from the Pittsburgh police force on Saturday, one for incompetency and the other two for drunkenness.

Trinity Chapel, in course of erection in the rear of the Trinity Church lot, on Sixth avenue, is being pushed forward rapidly. Workmen are already engaged on the roof.

Removed.—All the wooden work of the spire on St. Pauls' Cathedral has been removed and workmen will this morning commence to tear down a portion of the brick work.

Repainted.—The exterior of the Old Theatre is hardly recognizable since it was coated with new paint. The improvements on the interior are also of a substantial character.

The Allegheny lock-up was remarkably quiet yesterday, not a single arrest having been made during the day. There were but half a dozen common cases at the morning levee.

Still Another.—John Carr forgot that the grass and flower beds in the Allegheny Park were not designed as a public highway. His actions, caused by forgetfulness, cost him five dollars.

Taken Back.—The insane man, picked up on the streets of Allegheny, Thursday night, was taken back to Rochester Saturday morning, from whence he came. His friends have not been heard from.

The single-scull contest between Hamill and Coulter, which comes off on the upper Monongahela course next Saturday week, attracts attention from our boating men and citizens in general, as well as from abroad.

Daylight Bathing.—Several boys were arrested yesterday for bathing in the Allegheny river at the foot of Twenty-fifth street. They were released after a severe reprimand by Mayor Brush and upon promising not to repeat the offense.

The Temperance Movement. — The Court House has been secured for the Temperance Convention which will be held in a few days, when a candidate for County Commissioner will be nominated. A politician of this city is talked of as the probable candidate.

Locked Up.—Yesterday, officer Blondin arrested William Thompson, one of the two brothers charged with feloniously assaulting Cyrus Fitch, an old man, about a week ago, in Chartiers township. The prisoner was locked up and will have a hearing before Alderman McMasters to-day.

Allegheny Quartette Club.—This famous musical organization, will start on their tour to-day. To-night they sing in Salem, Ohio, and to-morrow night at Alliance. If a varied and excellent musical entertainment is any attraction in the places visited, the club are certain to be cordially greeted and meet with gratifying success.

The Attention of those of our readers who are fond of good reading is called to the advertisement of J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia. These Publishers stand at the head of the list in their business, and can be relied on as an honest fair dealing firm. We commend them to our readers. All orders promptly attended to.

The Monongahela House, one of the largest and finest hotels in Steubenville, is kept by Mrs. Thomas Costamagna, the esteemed wife of Thomas Costamagna, Esq., business manager of the Steubenville *Herald*, and at one time associated with this paper. They extend a warm word of welcome to all Pittsburghers who stray into that pretty little city.

Corrected.—Our article on the "Fatality from Hernia or Rupture" appeared in Saturday's *Gazette* in a transposed manner, which entirely destroyed its sense, and hence we reproduce it this morning as it was originally written. It will prove instructive and entertaining reading matter, especially to those afflicted with the maladies treated upon.

Where's the Major.—It requires all kinds of people to make a world, which explains the existence of a female child in our city, *seven* years of age, and the fortunate possessor of twelve toes, eleven fingers, and one hundred and six pounds of flesh and bone, fighting weight. Major Burnell ought to see that child. His museum contains no creature that as well can toe the mark or has such a handful.

Heavy Damages.—Christian Widekind, a German, while passing along the road through South Pittsburgh, leading to Mt. Washington, some weeks since, fell over the banister or railing down an embankment, sustaining serious injuries about the head. He has brought suit against the borough authorities, laying the damages at $10,000. Sheriff Cluley served the writ upon the Burgess and town Council on Saturday.

Hungry Thieves.—A party of hungry thieves, not having the fear of the law before their eyes, at an early hour on Saturday morning broke into the cellar of Dr. Johnston's residence, No. 30 Federal street, and carried off all the provisions they could secure. Nothing else was disturbed, the depredators evidently being moved to commit the robbery more by a healthy appetite than evil dispositions for plundering.

Conductor Arrested.—Yesterday a conducter on the Troy Hill branch of the Manchester Passenger Railway, was arrested by the Allegheny police for stopping his car so as to obstruct a street crossing. There is an ordinance against this practice, but heretofore it has been as a dead letter. The public will certainly be pleased at this evidence that it is to be enforced hereafter. The conductor gave bail for a hearing to-day.

Teachers Elected.—The following persons have been elected teachers for the Twentieth Ward, to serve during the ensuing year: Principal—John P. Cameron; Assistants—School House No. 1, Miss Maggie Cramer and Miss Jennie Irwin. House No. 2, Miss Martha D. Simpson. House No. 3, Miss Mollie E. Hamilton and Miss Anna M. Asper.

Serious Fall.—Saturday afternoon, a German carpenter, whose name we could not learn, fell from the roof of Mr. Stout's new building in course of erection at Oakland, Fourteenth Ward. No bones were broken, but he was very severely bruised upon various parts of his body and had to be carried home. He received medical attention at his residence.

Futile Effort.—Alderman Lynch made another futile attempt on Saturday to dispose of a couple of the Snyder cases, but the exertion was too great for his official nerves and he was compelled after getting half way through to postpone further consideration until to-day. In the meantime, several additional members of the family have appeared on the tapis, and several new suits are threatened.

Body Found.—Friday afternoon the body of a boy apparently about fourteen years of age, was found floating in the Ohio river opposite Freedom. It was without clothing, and looked as though it had been in the water several days. From the description given, Mr. Fishbaugh, of South Pittsburgh, thinks it is the body of his son who was drowned in the Monongahela, while bathing, about ten days ago. He will investigate the matter to-day.

Bad Boys.—Saturday morning some malicious boys filled up the waste pipe of the drinking fountain in the Allegheny Park with sticks, stones and dirt, causing the ground in the vicinity to be flooded with water. The young scamps escaped detection, but suspicions are entertained as to who they are. If the mischief is fastened upon them they will be severely dealt with. Such a spirit as they manifested in the mean business, augurs badly for their future.

Fall of a Pipe.—Saturday afternoon, while workmen were engaged in lowering into the trench pepared for it, in Oakland, Fourteenth ward, a large water main, the rope snapped, allowing the heavy casting to fall upon one of the workmen in the trench, and severely injuring him. He was taken out when it was found that no bones were broken, although it is feared his internal injuries from the accident may result seriously. He is being attended by a physician.

Allegheny Black Mailing Operation. A few days since a woman appeared before one of the city Aldermen, and made information charging a respectable gentleman residing in one of the new wards of the city with adultery. The offense, she alleges, was committed with her sister, who is a married woman, and equally guilty. The charge was doubtless made for the purpose of levying black mail, and we learn that the friends of the gentleman intend to prosecute the woman also.

We the undersigned desire, through your valuable journal, to return our thanks to Dr. Reed, of Dixmont Hospital, for the courteous manner in which he made us so welcome and showed us through that excellent institution during a late visit to the Hospital. Also to Mr. Cain and his estimable wife for their kindness to us.

James K. Speer, Mrs. Speer, George Cibler, Mrs. Cibler, Joseph Chadwick, Mrs. Chadwick, Thomas Neely, Mrs. Neely.

Kicked by a Horse.—Yesterday afternoon, Mr. John Keefer was watering his horse at a hydrant on Webster avenue, when the horse was struck by a stone thrown by a boy, causing it to wheel suddenly round and kick Mr. Keefer in the side, inflicting very serious internal injuries. He fell to the ground but was picked up and taken to his residence near by, where medical attention was procured. His injuries are of a very severe character, and the result is exceedingly doubtful.

To the Penitentiary.—Some months ago a young man entered a jewelry store on Smithfield street, with a companion, and was shown a number of gold rings. He disappeared without buying, but managed somehow to carry with him several of the rings. The police were notified, and after about a month's search, Chief of Police Bowden arrested Charles St. Clair, a young man, in Allegheny, for the theft. He was tried, convicted, and Saturday taken over to the Penitentiary by Sheriff Cluley to fill out a sentence of two years for his crime.

Boy Drowned.—Willie Bulhaser, a little boy about nine years of age, was drowned in the Allegheny river, at the foot of Seventeenth street, Saturday. He resided with his parents at No. 16 Eighteenth street, in the Tenth ward, and left home some time during the afternoon of Saturday. He was not seen by any of his friends after that until the body was recovered, about eight o'clock Saturday evening. Coroner Clawson was notified and held an inquest yesterday morning, when the jury returned a verdict of "found drowned."

Italy Disturbed.—Last evening a couple of small Italians engaged in a combat in an alley off Sixth street, during which one of them was thrown down and was about to have his head operated upon with a huge boulder in the hands of his excited rival, the result of which would certainly have been disastrous, when officer Neubert observed the movements of the boys and hastened to quelt any further anger by arresting them both. Neither could speak English sufficient to tell their names or give any information concerning themselves. They will have a hearing to-day.

Insane Woman.—Saturday morning, a domestic in the family of Mr. McNaughers, residing on the hill, at the head of Federal street Allegheny, suddenly became insane and attacked a colored man in the neigbourhood with a knife, cutting a hole through his vest, but fortunately not inflicting a wound. She was secured after considerable difficulty, and locked up in the watch house. She had no friends in this vicinity, and had only been employed with the family named about three or four weeks. During the afternoon an officer conveyed her to the City Poor Farm.

Manager Hess, of the Opera House, Chicago, formerly of this city, is just now being lionized by the press and people of that city for having performed a noble deed of charity. At a late hour one night last week he found a poor girl in great distress on the sidewalk, having been turned out of the doors of a gilded palace containing everything but charity. Mr. Hess, who at one time was a practising physician, attended the girl, had her removed to his boarding house where she received all possible attention, and at last accounts the mother and the street-born infant were doing well and Mr. Hess was the object of the laudations of all who could appreciate a noble act.

Board of Health vs. Night Soilers.

For some past a misunderstanding has existed between the Board of Health and the Night Soilers of this city, relative to certain rules and regulations prescribed by the Board. The question at issue was a resolution adopted by the Board in December of last year, requiring all persons who follow the vocation of night soilers to supply themselves with a machine, such as is used by Mr. McCarthy for that purpose, and in accordance with same resolution they refused to grant permits to persons not having said machines. The matter was brought before the court and an opinion delivered by Judge Stowe in the case of the Board of Health vs. Jacob Smith.

This was an action brought by the Board of Health against the defendant for having emptied the contents of a cess pool without having first obtained a permit from the Board, as provided in the 6th section of An act of Assembly, approved April, 1862, defining the power and duties of the Board. The case was originally brought before Alderman Morrow, and judgment rendered against Smith to the amount of twenty dollars, the penalty prescribed by law. The case went up to the Common Pleas on an appeal from the Alderman's decision, and was intended to test the right of the Board to make such regulations as those under which he had been convicted. The only question to be determined, His Honor said, was whether the defendant is legally bound to pay the penalty of twenty dollars for violating the act of Assembly in question. "The evidence showed that he did do that which the act prohibits, without having a permit, and therefore subjected himself to the penalty. There is no escape except by holding that the law is unconstitutional and void, which clearly it is not. Judgment must be entered in this case for the plaintiff against the defendant for the sum of twenty dollars and costs," Judge Stowe stated that he had been requested to give an opinion as to the legality of the resolution adopted by the Board of Health, requiring persons engaged in vault cleaning to provide themselves with steam vacuum carts and wagons with air tight boxes. He said that the Court did not give opinions in cases not before them, but in this case he would state, as his individual opinion, that under the act of April, 1869, the Board is fully authorized to enforce all requirements embraced in the resolution referred to. He suggested that the only proper way to have a decision on the matter from the Supreme Court, would be to apply to Court for a *mandamus* on the Board to grant a permit or excuse, or both as the case may be.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Full Bench.

SATURDAY, July 24.—S. D. Rothermel, Esq., presented a petition signed by a number of citizens of the Second ward, Allegheny, asking that the license of Frederick Benner, proprietor of a drinking house at Monterey and Jackson streets, Allegheny, be revoked. The petitioners set forth that drunken men are in the habit of congregating at the house, and by their noise and disorderly conduct cause great annoyance to them and their families. Other annoyances are enumerated, such as are suffered by females who are compelled to pass by the crowds frequenting the house. The Court granted a rule on Benner, returnable on Saturday next, to show cause why the prayer should not be granted.

SENTENCES.

The following prisoners, tried and convicted during the last term of court, were sentenced:

Charles St. Clair, who plead guilty to the larceny of jewelry from a jewelry store on Smithfield street, was sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and to undergo two years' imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary.

Mary Maloney, convicted of larceny, was sentenced to undergo a further imprisonment of ten days in the county jail.

John Mulherron, convicted of unlawfully wounding Thomas St. Clair, was sentenced to pay a fine of thirty dollars and to undergo ten days' imprisonment in the county jail.

H. C. Matthews, convicted of an assault upon Arthur Martin, was sentenced to pay a fine of twenty-five dollars and the costs of prosecution.

Robert Hawthorn, a lad thirteen years of age, who was charged with larceny, was sent to the Refuge.

Youthful Criminal.

Some weeks ago, Robert Hawthorne, a lad about eleven years of age, was employed in the family of Mr. Thomas Layng as errand boy. He was kindly cared for, and fared well, until he manifested a disposition of ingratitude and wickedness, quite sad to note in one so young. Noticing that Mrs. Layng was in the habit of putting her pocketbook in a certain drawer, he took advantage of the fact, one night, when all the family were slumbering, to rise and ransack the drawer, securing thereby about fifty dollars in cash. When the money was missed next morning he was suspected, but denied all knowledge of it. He was then taken before Alderman Shore upon an information for larceny, when he confessed the crime, and stated he had given the money to two companions, the same night, they having been lying in wait. These boys, giving their names as Con. Rodgers and Andy. Harland, were arrested, and held for a hearing, while Hawthrone was committed to the House of Refuge, to which he was taken Saturday.

Much of Law.

Catharine Rees seems to have been on bad terms with several of her neighbors, and as a consequence engaged extensively in law suits on Saturday. She resides in the neighborhood of the Copper Works on Second avenue. Alderman Thomas was entrusted with the litigation. The first information was against Robert Knox, charging him with maintaining a disorderly house in the locality named. The second set forth that the prosecutrix had been beaten by Catharine Rowland, with whom she had a dispute in reference to the occupancy of a certain yard with a clothes line, upon which hung her washing. The third and last was against Miss Laura Knox, who is said to have made dire threats against Catharine, which caused her to fear bodily harm. Warrants for the arrest of the accused were issued in all the cases.

Leg Broken.

Saturday morning a little boy about ten years of age, in attempting to cross Pennsylvania avenue in front of a team loaded with lumber, had his leg broken. It appears he first attempted to cross in front of the team, but failing in that, endeavored to pass between the front and hind wheel while the wagon was in motion, when he was knocked down and the hind wheel passed over his leg, breaking it. Officer Shaffer, at the request of the child's father, who it appears, did not know how the affair happened, arrested the driver and took him to the Mayor's office. When the facts were made known the father declined to prosecute and the driver was discharged.

Base Ball Guests—A Game To-day.

The Baltic Club (Blue Stockings) of Wheeling, the Champions of West Virginia, arrived in this city Saturday morning, and put up at the Monongahela House. The nine is composed of the following gentlemen: J. Hornbrook, catcher; J. A. McCoy, pitcher; Charles Whitman, short stop; C. E. Osborne, 1st base; B. F Kelly, Jr., 2nd base; W. H. Taney, 3rd base; J. C. Woodward, left field; E. Hornbrook, centre field; T. S. Achison, right field. The rain that fell during the day augured ill for a game with the Atlantics. However, the Atlantic, as well as the visitors, were present at the Union Park, ready to enter into a contest. To satisfy the audience present, one inning was played, which resulted in favor of the Atlantics by four runs to a "whitewash" for their opponents.

A game between the Olympic and Baltics will be played this afternoon, at half past two o'clock, at Union Park, which will doubtless be largely attended. Our boys are very much pleased with the champion club of West Virginia, finding them agreeable and companionable, and in every way worthy the high honor they enjoy both at home and abroad. We hope the Wheelingites may enjoy the excursion, and carry away with them pleasant recollections of our city and our athletes.

Firemen Troubled.

The Treasury of the Hope Fire Company, of Allegheny, contains about $1,200, and how to dispose of it is now the subject of anxious consideration by the members of the organization. Some of them seem to think that if the Fire Department of the city is changed to a paid system, as proposed, that all the money will have to be handed over to the city along with the other effects. For this reason they are in favor of disposing of it in some manner more calculated to yield them pleasure or profit, and accordingly an excursion, or a division of the money, are the plans proposed. Others of the company contend that the money is not a part of the city's property, that it has accumulated, through several years, out of the pockets of the individual members, and that they alone have power to use it, a position which appears to be perfectly just. They therefore object to having it spent until the new system is put into operation, and the company thus compelled to disband and reorganize under the city authority.

The dispute has caused considerable excitement among those directly interested, and a meeting has been called for this evening, at the Engine House, to have it settled.

Needed a Bath.

On the sixth day of the present month the iron doors of Warden Scandrett's mansion, on the hill, closed upon the form of Hughey Freel, who had been granted a ticket of admission by Mayor Brush for twenty days. Yesterday Hughey breathed free air again, and acting upon his first impulse, forgetful of time or place, rushed to the Allegheny river, disrobed himself quickly and was soon enjoying the luxury of a cool and healthful bath. "There is no rose without a thorn," however, a truth which was forcibly impressed upon the mental perceptions of Hughey, who was suddenly seized in the midst of his pleasures, compelled to don his garments, and take up a disagreeable march to the lock-up. The nature of his offense was explained to him there, when he strenuously plead for a release, urging as a reason for his improper conduct, the fact of his twenty days' imprisonment and the great need he had for a bath under the circumstances. Notwithstanding this powerful appeal, however, the officials failed to appreciate its beauty or logic, and inexorably discharged their duty by locking Hughey in a cell to await a disposition of his case to-day.

Important to Engineers.

United States Local Inspectors of Steam Vessels for the 7th District, Messrs. Samuel Walker and Geo. H. Atkinson, call the attention of Licensed Officers of Steamboats to the following rule, adopted at the last meeting of the United States Supervising Inspectors, held in Washington, D. C. Any Engineer failing to comply with this rule is liable to have his License revoked:

"When any Engineer gives up the charge of the Engineer's department of a steamer, by resignation or otherwise, he shall certify in writing as to the condition of the same; said certificate to be kept on board the steamer, subject to the inspection of the United States inspectors of steamers, and the succeeding Chief Engineer. Also, when an Engineer assumes the charge of the Engineer's department of a vessel, he shall examine the same, to see if it is in good order, and in accordance with the specified condition in the certificate given by his immediate predecessor, and if not, report the fact to the United States inspectors of steamers in the port where he belongs."

Poison for Dogs.

The very active Chief of Police, not having the fear of boarding house sausages before his eyes, caused last week "buttons" of poisoned meat to be distributed where dogs do most congregate, for the purpose of lessening their number. Inasmuch as the practice is to be continued during the present week, we would advise all our friends owning canines to keep them within doors or so have them securely muzzled so that they may not fall victims to the humane method adopted by the municipal authorties to enforce an ordinance whose provisions by no means warrant such a proceeding. The officer found distributing such "buttons" on the public streets and alleys, should be arrested and punished according to law, as the instructions given him by higher authority will amount to little in his defense. There is an ordinance on the city code providing for the curtailment of canines, and instead of making a short cut to put it into execution, the Chief of the dog-killers should go about it in the legitimate manner.

Arrested on a Process.

Yesterday afternoon officer Moon arrested, on Webster avenue, John Mayer of Philadelphia. The arest was made on a process issued from one of the Philadelphia Courts. It is alleged that Mayer was Secretary of a Lodge of Red Men, in the city named, and several week ago disappeared with the funds, amounting to $300. No trace of his whereabouts could be discovered for a time, but a strict watch was kept upon his wife, who remained in the city, after his departure. Several days ago she came to Pittsburgh, and the detectives, rightly devining this as an evidence of the retreat of their man, procured the necessary legal paper, came here on Saturday and had the arrest made yesterday. Mayer was locked up until this morning at two o'clock, when, in company with his wife and an officer, he departed for Philadelphia.

That Market House.

MESSRS. EDITORS: "Taxpayer" seems to have understood the matter of a new market house and to have viewed it in the proper light, with the exception that the case was hardly represented strong enough. Not only is a market needed in the locality named, but if the citizens, and taxpayers, to be benefitted thereby, are to have justice rendered them, it should be built immediately. As the case now is, having to purchase at the Diamond, transport the stuff to their homes, lose about half a day in the journey, [for journey it surely is,] and bear all the trouble and inconvenience attending such a mode of procuring supplies, they lose fully one-half what they are worth. For this reason a great many are deterred from visiting the Diamond market and prefer rather to be dependant upon the stores and such places for their produce and marketing. Were a market house convenient, however, things would be different. It would be patronized and abundantly supported by these people, and then the city would secure a new and considerable revenue, where she now realizes nothing.

As regards the Lyons Lot, recommended by the Committee, the strongest and best argument in its favor is the fact that the citizens interested heartily endorse the selection. Easily reached, ample enough for the purpose, the most central spot in the section to be benefited, and offered on liberal terms, it seems no surprise that the Committee viewing the matter deliberately and looking to the best interest of all concerned, from an unbiased standpoint, unhesitatingly decided in its favor. Now that the matter at last has assumed some shape, it is to be hoped that their recommendation will be promptly approved by Councils, and the long delayed market built at once. One year hence will clearly evince the wisdom of the choice, or a large number of people will be greatly disappointed, among whom will stand,

A RESIDENT OF THE VICINITY.

The Fatality from Hernia or Rupture.

Hernia or Rupture, although not ordinarily a fatal malady, is one full of dangerous and evil consequences, and we feel that we confer a favor on our readers when we direct their attention to a place that stands the equal of any in the United States for the variety and perfectness of such appliances. Now and then we hear of deaths from strangulated hernia, and no one who is threatened in that way can be too seriously alive to the important necessity of early and appropriate management. The applier of trusses in a community as densely populated as that of Pittsburgh, is as much entitled to adequate encouragement as in any kind of business with which we are acquainted, especially when the immunity from danger, and the security to personal safety is afforded at a comparatively trifling cost. No branch of business is entitled, at our hands, to a higher regard than that which affects human life and health; and when we look around us, and note the fact that one out of every six of the male population are so afflicted, no words of warning can be too forcibly urged nor too frequently reiterated. People do not always suffer from rupture of the bowels through open neglect, but often from want of knowledge, where, and from whom, to seek the proper remedy. There are hundreds of persons who from infancy to boyhood and even manhood, defer attention in this respect for want of a proper appreciation of the seriousness of the malady of which we write. DR. KEYSER, at his great medicine store and office, No. 167 Liberty street, has qualified himself in a notable and praiseworthy degree, to meet every indication of hernia, besides a number of other abnormal conditions which appear to be, and perhaps are, strictly mechanical as in regard to the means to be used for their alleviation or cure. Rupture is one of these conditions, and one which entitles him to more than an ordinary share of public patronage—as well because of his extraordinary ability as because of the extra advertising which insures their publicity.

Lozenges

Of the first quality, viz:
Cream Mellow,
Ginger,
Lemon,
Wintergreen,
Cinnamon,
Sassafras,
Cayenne,
Peppermint,
Musk,
Pine Apple,
Rose,
Conversation,
Fruit,
Liquorice,
Tolu,
Vanilla,
Imperial and Cough Lozenges,
At prices to compare with any, at 112 Federal street, Allegheny.
3t GEO. BEAVEN.

Economical, Reliable, the Best.

We mean DOOLEY'S BAKING POWDER It is superior to all others in the market. Free from any injurious substances, and so nicely compounded that the contents of each box will make light, sweet, healthy biscuits, rolls, pastry, &c., with uniform success. Only two teaspoonfuls to a quart of flour is necessary, while those of ordinary manufacture require from one-third to a half more. Ask your grocer for Dooley's Chemical Yeast Baking Powder, and take no other. Try it and be convinced. MWF

Summer Silks, Thin Dress Goods, Marseilles, cheap, at Bates & Bell's, to close the stock.

Choice Fruit Syrups.—
Blackberry,
Strawberry,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Lemon,
Orange,
Pine Apple
and Raspberry Vinegar,
at the lowest rates. 112 Federal street, Allegheny.
GEO. BEAVEN.

The Purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it can take none other. Ask for "Hazard and Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York Sold by all druggists. M

Bates & Bell are selling Silk Mantles, Lace Mantles and Linen Goods cheap.

Notice.—Persons indebted to the concern of J. W. Barker & Co., are requested to make immediate payment. Also, parties having claims against the said firm will please render them previous to the 1st day of August.
J. W. BARKER, JR.,
Administrator.

Linen Goods of all kinds at Bates & Bell's.

Only Six Days Now.

J. W. Barker & Co., 59 Market and 20 Sixth (late St. Clair) street, must, by order of the administrator of the senior member of the firm (deceased) close out their entire stock of summer, fall and winter goods in six days. Wholesale and retail buyers should make a note of this, as every article has been marked down to prices that will secure their sale. Purchasers should call early in the morning, as the rush during the day is so great that with their additional hands, they find it difficult often to wait upon all. Let all our readers go to Barker's and lay in their supply of fall and winter goods at one-half the cost they will be compelled to pay when the season comes round.

"Fresh as a Maiden's Blush" is the pure peachy Complexion which follows the use Hagan's Magnolia Balm. It is the True Secret of Beauty. Fashionable Ladies in Society understand this.

The Magnolia Balm changes the rustic Country Girl into a City Belle more rapidly than any other one thing.

Redness, Sunburn, Tan, Freckles, Blotches and all effects of the Summer Sun disappear when it is used, and a genial, cultivated, fresh expression is obtained which rivals the Bloom of Youth. Beauty is possible to all who will invest 75 cents at any respectable store and insist on getting the Magnolia Balm.

USE NOTHING but Lyon's Kathairon to dress the Hair. MWFF.

Tents for Camp Meetings.—Hunting and Fishing parties; "A," "Wall" and "Hospital" tents, good as new, at J. H. Johnston's, 179 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. 22:2w

TURKISH RAILROADS.—Letters from Vienna state that the four principal financial institutions of that capital have united to take part in the construction of the Ottoman railways, for the execution of which a capital of 80,000,000 francs is required. Those companies are the Austrian Credit Mobilier, the Austro-English Bank of Vienna, the Bankverein and the Austro-Hungarian Bank. Around them will be grouped the chief credit houses of Austria and other countries, so that the capital may be already looked upon as subscribed. The Austrian market is ready to provide two-thirds of it.

COMMODORE VANDERBILT, says a New York letter, buried his wife a few months since—a noble woman who had been his companion from early manhood, and to whom he was indebted for very much of his success in life. When he kept a country tavern on Staten Island she ran the house and attended to everything while he was absent on his boating expeditions. Report has it that the Commodore, who is now seventy-five years of age, is to lead to the hymenial altar in a few days a blooming maiden of seventeen summers.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—Flour firm at $5@5,87½. Wheat $1,70, with extreme figures for choice. Legal tenders, 70½. Mining shares during the week dull and closing quiet; Alpha, 22; Belcher, 23; Bullion, 16; Chollar, 23; Confidence, 42; Crown Point, 39; Empire Mill, 70; Gould Curry, 102; Hale Norcross, 102; Imperial, 58; Kentucky, 168; Occidental, 19; Ophir, 20; Overman, 70; Savage, 80; Sierra Nevada, 10; Yellow Jacket, 54.

DIED.

LEDLIE—On Sunday morning, 25th inst., REDMOND G. LEDLIE, in the 33d year of his age.

Funeral services at St. Paul's Cathedral, on TUESDAY MORNING, 27th inst. Carriages will leave the residence of his parents, No 103 Liberty street, at 9 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

PORTER—Sabbath evening, uly 25th, 1869, ROBERT L., infant son of J. W. and Mattie E. Porter, aged 1 month and 17 days.

Funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, No. 16 Esplanade street, Allegheny, TO-DAY, 26th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

DAVIS—On Sunday, July 25th, at 5 o'clock P. M., Mrs. MARIAH H., wife of John Davis, in the 68th year of her age.

Funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, No 62 Saudusky str et, Allegheny, at 4 o'clock, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, PA. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearses and Carriages furnished.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

SPECTACLES

WEAK EYES!

Persons who are suffering from weak eyes or dimness of vision can find nothing better to restore them to their proper standard than by using

THE SCOTCH PEBBLE SPECTACLES,

An article we can gurantee to be genuine, and at such a price that they will come within the reach of all. All we ask is for you to call and examine them, and we will prove their superiority over all others.

W. G. DUNSEATH,

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN, 36 FIFTH AVENUE.
jy24

MERCHANT TAILORS.

HENRY G. HALE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS

IS NOW COMPLETE,

SOLICITING AN EARLY CALL.

Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets,
mh9

W. HESPENHEID & CO.,
No. 50 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and fit and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at this house. Our Number is 50 SIXTH STREET